

MT. STERLING ADVERTISER.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. IV.

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1893.

NO. 11

NEW FARMERS BANK.

The State Takes a Hand in the Settlement of the Vexed Question.

As to Who Shall Serve as Receiver for the Bank.

Proceedings have been instituted in the Montgomery Circuit Court by Secretary of State, Hoadly, for the vacating of the late order of the Court, appointing the Columbia Finance and Trust Company, of Louisville, Trustee for the New Farmers Bank.

This suit is brought under the new Corporation law, which gives the State supervision of the banks of the State, and is the first of its kind. The suit has the approval of the Attorney General, and its progress will be watched with interest.

Under the new act it is claimed the State has the right to institute proceedings when the Secretary of State shall become satisfied that the capital of the bank has been impaired, etc., for the appointment of a Receiver to take charge of the bank's affairs, and the Receiver must be a resident of the county in which the bank is situated. Acting upon the representations made to him by numerous stockholders, the Secretary of State brings this suit. It was to be heard by Judge Cooper (who is now engaged in the Bath Circuit Court) yesterday.

We sincerely hope those engaged in bringing the suit may succeed in their purpose, and thus rid the bank and the people of the county of the Trust Company that now has its grasp upon the bank's affairs. The Trust Company may be ever so honest in its conduct of affairs; we are not assailing the integrity of its management; but it has no interest in common with our people. Its mode of doing business, too, is better suited for a commercial than for an agricultural community, as ours is, and its management is, in our judgment, ill suited to deal with the questions arising under the state of financial matters with which we are dealing.

The Receivership, as we see it, clearly should be placed in the hands of one who is thoroughly acquainted with our people, their needs, resources, etc. It would be unwise to place the Receivership of a Louisville bank in the hands of a man whose business experience has been almost entirely confined to an agricultural section. Just so it is unfair to force upon us an institution with its peculiar methods of doing business.

There are many number of wholesale men that make a magnificent success here, if placed, with their city experience, in a cross-roads store, would find they did not have sense sufficient to run it without losses.

The framers of the law evidently had some such thought before them when the Corporation act was passed.

764 Registered.

Tuesday last was regular registration day, and nearly every Republican and Democratic voter in the city had his name placed on the registration books. There were eight persons who registered as Independent or Prohibitionists. The following is the way the books stood at the close in the various wards:

| | Dem. | Rep. | Ind. |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|
| First Ward | 107 | 15 | 3 |
| Second Ward | 110 | 15 | 3 |
| Third Ward | 82 | 17 | 3 |
| Fourth Ward | 82 | 17 | 3 |
| Total | 481 | 59 | 12 |
| Democratic total | 481 | | |
| Total number registered | 540 | | |

Rode in White Coaches.

Three Danville negroes rode in white coaches Wednesday. They were Samuel Hawkins, Jordan McGowdin, Harrison Dunn, and William Lindsay, but they will not ride any more for some time. They were in charge of Sheriff Bailey, who was taking them to Frankfort to serve terms in the penitentiary.—Danville Advertiser.

The law requiring all practitioners of medicine to register is in

New Dry Good's Firm.

Mrs. Mary R. Samuels and Mr. John F. King have formed a partnership to purchase and conduct the dry goods business of the late John Samuels. Mrs. Samuels is the widow of John Samuels. John F. King is one of the most popular young business men ever raised in this community. For a number years, until a few months since, he has been teller in the Exchange Bank of Kentucky, of this city. He is not only personally popular, but is a man of fine business attainments and unquestioned integrity. We know no young man who has more firm friends than John King; nor do we know one who will bring to a business a better equipped mind than he will do. Mr. Bruce Dwyer, Mrs. Samuels' son-in-law, another popular and exceedingly bright and promising business man, will aid Mrs. Samuels in the conduct of the business. The new firm, the style of which is Samuels & King, began business Monday. Their prospects for success are certainly as bright as even they could desire. Mr. Dwyer leaves to-day for the market to lay in a choice stock, but will continue to sell at reduced prices.

'Why He is so Irritable'

This question is often heard and nearly as often unanswered. It is not always remembered, as it should be, that the occasion of ill-temper and irritability is often to be found in the physical condition of the persons affected. What is the use of trying to "harmonize" a man whose liver has gone back on him? If a man is tortured with rheumatism, how can he be expected to be affable and agreeable? Can a confirmed dyspeptic be expected to be cheerful and always ready to tell a funny story? The only way to remove the difficulty is to get at the cause. Dyspeptic, rheumatism, impure blood and liver troubles yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla: this is why it is an effective tranquilizer, a peaceful messenger, and a preventative of domestic quarrels.

After Breakfast.

To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, and give nerve, bodily and digestive strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Continue the medicine after every meal for a month or two and you will feel "like a new man." The merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla is proven by its thousands of wonderful cures. Why don't you try it?

Hood's Pills cure constipation. They are the best after-dinner pill and family cathartic.

The current issue of the Electric Magazine opens with a sharp contest between "The Theory and Practice of American Popular Government." In lighter vein, and more cheering to the American, is Mr. Northcote's fair and happy view of "American Life Through English Spectacles"—albeit they are turned only to the social life of our well-to-do classes. A short paper on the Behring Sea Award summarizes that lately spirited debate. "Glimpses Back: A Hundred Years Ago," and Dr. Eccles' paper on "Fin de Siecle Medicine," are two articles which leave no doubt in the mind of the reader as to the marvelous material progress of this country. Andrew Lang's discussion of "Comparative Physical Research," and Sir Herbert Maxwell's charming essay on "The Conduct of Friendship," are among the longer articles of this issue. A translation from the Journal of a Spanish Monk, "Bussaco in 1810," gives a realistic picture of the stirring days when that hitherto unknown monastery was earning a place in history. "The Trans-formation of Japan" is a reliable description of the marked social changes since the overthrow of the nobles in that country. "Reminiscences of a Highland Chief," by his daughter, and with "Glenagarry's Death-Song"—a hitherto unpublished poem, by Sir Walter Scott. There are in this number several lighter sketches and descriptive articles, three short stories of unusual merit, and a poem by the latest Earl of Lytton.

Published by E. R. Pelton, 144 Eighth street, New York. Terms \$5 per year; single numbers, 50 cents; trial subscription for three months, \$1. Electric and any \$4 Magazine, \$5.



ADAM BAUM, MAYOR OF MT. STERLING.

Last Chance to Visit the World's Fair.

The best month at the World's Fair is October. The last chance to go at a surprisingly low rate is on the Personally Conducted Vestibuled Special train which will leave Clifton Forge following F. V. train No. 3, 6:55 a. m., Monday, October 16th, running through to Chicago, via Cincinnati and the Big Four railroad without change. The rates will surprise you. Call on nearest C. & O. Agent for particulars. Round trip rate from Mt. Sterling \$10.25.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Camego.

William H. Wyatt was thrown from a horse Friday and was badly hurt, but is doing well at present.

Willie Jeffries, of Los Angeles, Cal., and Jimmie, his brother, from Eastern Kentucky, are now with us for a few days.

John Watson, of Kansas, was in our little town Sunday. It has been about 18 years since he left this State.

Old Fort church seems to be well pleased with her new preacher (Bro. Rose). He preached two able sermons Sunday. Regular days second and fourth Sundays.

W. F. Horton, accompanied by several other merchants, left Monday for Cincinnati to lay in their fall stock of goods. They will be gone until the last of the week.

Mrs. W. F. Horton is visiting her father, mother and friends at Camp-ton, Ky. She will be gone a week or so.

John Lane bought the Orear lot for \$300, at which place he is now living. We are glad to have him with us, for he is an excellent citizen. May his stay be long.

Mr. Harvey Trimble has been improving for the last eight or ten days.

Mrs. George McCormick is not quite as well the last day or so.

A VOTER INSC.

In the weekly reviews of trade by the Dun and Bradstreet agencies for the past week, about the only encouraging reports come from the South. There the freer movement of cotton and the advance in price of the staple made business unusually active, and this, too, despite the disastrous storm, which it was feared would prove a serious drawback to the movement. Late advices are that staple crops have not been materially damaged. From the West, an increased demand for hops, cattle, whisky and lumber. From the East, reports are less favorable, although there is a decided improvement in the financial situation. Exports of products continue fairly large.

An unconfirmed report is published at San Francisco that a syndicate of American capitalists has purchased Lower California from Mexico for nearly \$50,000,000, and will ask the United States to annex the Territory. This same story in one form or another is continually bobbing up.

The October Number of the Illustrated Kentuckian.

Contains portraits of Mrs. Cynthia Smith Burman, of Richmond; Miss Hallie Ermlue Blevins, Hopkinsville; Miss May Nelson Nall, Louisville; Miss Nellie Orblson, Frankfort; Miss Lillie Norris, Cynthiana. Also of the John Marshall Chapter of Daughters of American Revolution, at Louisville—Mrs. Pope, Mrs. Buckner, Mrs. MacGregor, Mrs. Eaches and Mrs. Reynolds. Also of George Dunlap Potts, Mrs. Florence Griffith Miller, Rev. Roger H. Peters, W. S. Bell, Lena Phillips, Nicholasville; Jesse Williams Fraser, Cynthiana. Fashion, new advertisements, stories, sketches, world's fair, Miss Hilber's new story, society, etc., etc.

A High Compliment.

No higher compliment could be paid Mr. Bright than the practical unanimity with which he carried his section of the county. His home precinct, Marshall's, only reported three votes for his opponent, one of which he cast himself, and the adjoining precinct of Doak's, one end of which is ten or twelve miles from his home, gives him 80 votes to 18 for Botts.

Even the best of men are liable to have enemies, and when we see a man's neighbors rallying to his support in such unbroken column we need no further guarantee of his integrity and ability. Mr. Bright, we congratulate you and extend to you the assurance that we believe your neighbors will have no cause to regret the high compliment they have paid you.—Shelby Sentinel.

Mr. Bright is a brother of Dr. E. C. Bright of this city.

Fraud! Bribery! Money!

Whisky and all the corrupting influences that a foster's flesh is heir to. John E. Groves contests the result of the late primary election, and asks the County Committee to call a meeting on Saturday, October 14, to investigate. All that I ask is to have twenty-five per cent. the bribed suffrage discarded. J. E. GROVES.

Governor Rich, of Michigan, has honored the regulation from the Governor of Minnesota and issued a warrant for the return of Stonewall J. De Frances, the insurance agent who has been under arrest in Detroit for the past week. Arthur C. Anderson, cashier of the St. Paul National bank charges that on April 11, 1892, De Frances, alias Cameron Elliott, appeared at the bank and presented a draft for \$35,000. This purported to be drawn by the bank of Commerce of Indianapolis, payable to the order of Cameron Elliott. It was drawn on the United States National bank of New York. The draft was accepted, credited to Cameron Elliott, and before the maker had a chance to protest Elliott had drawn \$1000 and disappeared.

Something Else New.

Extra large cucumber pickles, 10 cents per dozen; fancy small pickles, 35 cents per dozen; finest sweet pickles made, 75 cents per gallon. CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

YESTERDAY'S PRIMARY.

THE DEMOCRATS OF THE CITY.

Select Their Nominees for the Municipal Offices.

Yesterday's election passed off in a quiet and orderly way. Much interest was taken, but there was no indication of disturbance. The workings of the new election law is better liked, the more it is tried. Below we give the vote by wards.

| FIRST WARD. | |
|----------------------|-----|
| A. Baum | 100 |
| S. King Ford | 82 |
| Ben. R. Turner | 123 |
| James G. Lane | 68 |
| FOR CITY ATTORNEY: | |
| H. Clay McKee | 70 |
| J. M. Elliott | 65 |
| John B. Phillips | 64 |
| FOR CHIEF OF POLICE: | |
| John Gibbons | 73 |
| Charles T. Wilson | 114 |
| FOR COUNCILMAN: | |
| C. H. Bryan | 98 |
| J. W. Clay | 87 |
| John L. McCormick | 60 |
| James O'Connell | 84 |

| SECOND WARD. | |
|----------------------|-----|
| A. Baum | 85 |
| S. King Ford | 82 |
| Ben. R. Turner | 58 |
| James G. Lane | 87 |
| FOR CITY ATTORNEY: | |
| H. Clay McKee | 41 |
| J. M. Elliott | 47 |
| John B. Phillips | 50 |
| FOR CHIEF OF POLICE: | |
| John Gibbons | 83 |
| Charles T. Wilson | 61 |
| FOR COUNCILMAN: | |
| Henry Watson | 105 |
| J. M. Elliott | 79 |
| P. I. Rose | 56 |

| THIRD WARD. | |
|----------------------|----|
| A. Baum | 39 |
| S. King Ford | 36 |
| Ben. R. Turner | 35 |
| James G. Lane | 35 |
| FOR CITY ATTORNEY: | |
| H. Clay McKee | 37 |
| J. M. Elliott | 34 |
| John B. Phillips | 33 |
| FOR CHIEF OF POLICE: | |
| John Gibbons | 23 |
| Charles T. Wilson | 25 |
| FOR COUNCILMAN: | |
| J. W. Burroughs | 34 |
| Malis. Kelly | 30 |

| FOURTH WARD. | |
|----------------------|----|
| A. Baum | 45 |
| S. King Ford | 31 |
| Ben. R. Turner | 46 |
| James G. Lane | 46 |
| FOR CITY ATTORNEY: | |
| H. Clay McKee | 34 |
| J. M. Elliott | 30 |
| John B. Phillips | 39 |
| FOR CHIEF OF POLICE: | |
| John Gibbons | 31 |
| Charles T. Wilson | 31 |
| FOR COUNCILMAN: | |
| Joe M. Conroy | 64 |
| Charles G. Glover | 64 |

| RECAPITULATION. | |
|----------------------|-----|
| A. Baum | 268 |
| S. King Ford | 191 |
| Ben. R. Turner | 261 |
| James G. Lane | 261 |
| FOR CITY ATTORNEY: | |
| H. Clay McKee | 178 |
| J. M. Elliott | 180 |
| John B. Phillips | 182 |
| FOR CHIEF OF POLICE: | |
| John Gibbons | 211 |
| Charles T. Wilson | 211 |

COUCLMEN.

| FIRST WARD: | |
|-------------------|--|
| C. H. Bryan | |
| J. W. Clay | |
| SECOND WARD: | |
| Henry Watson | |
| John M. Laola | |
| THIRD WARD: | |
| J. W. Burroughs | |
| Malis. Kelly | |
| FOURTH WARD: | |
| Joe M. Conroy | |
| Charles G. Glover | |

The new Cunnard, the Lucania, dropped anchor at Quarantine, outside New York, at 10:50 o'clock Friday night, beating the previous record held by the City of Paris by 55 minutes. The Lucania left Queens-town at 1:15 p. m., on October 1, and was signalled off the Sandy Hook light-ship at 10:55 o'clock Friday night. She thus made the run in 10 days, 13 hours and 25 minutes, which completely eclipses all previous records and makes the Lucania the sovereign of the ocean.

Enoch.

MR. ENOCH has just returned from the East with several thousand dollars worth of goods, bought at a very low figure. Lots of Goods we will put on our counters at 25 to 40 percent less than one year ago. Just think of getting a NICE DRESS at \$1.00 and up to \$5.00.

In nice goods. It will do your eyes good to look at them. We carry a nice line of DRESS GOODS. Call and look at some of our bargains in Window Blinds. Just think of it, a good Blind for 25c. A good Carpet from 19c per yard up to the very best Wool Carpets. Nice Mattings full yard wide, at 12c. The very best Oil Cloths for 25c; no light flimsy stuff usually sold for that price, but regular 50c goods.

Enoch.

In 50 and 100 Goods we have no many thousand articles we have not the space to tell you about them, but ask you to just call and look over; it is equal to a side-show.

Hardware, Stoves. We can save you money in this line every time. Just think, a No. 2 Cook Stove for \$15 up to any amount. Nice Heaters from \$15 up. 3 Pounds of Nails for 1c. 2 Good Boxes, 1c. Tacks, 1c a box, or 10c a box.

Underwear. Gents and Ladies. Vest for 25c that no firm in the town will duplicate for 30c. We have a nice line of Ladies' Muslin Underwear at less than a lady can buy the material for without making.

We can fix you at the very bottom figures in Blankets, Comforts, Children's Clothing, etc. Oil Cloth, for table, 20c yd.

RESEE BUILDING, MT. STERLING, KY.

Enoch.

A New Through Sleeping Car Line.

From Chicago to Seattle, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Great Northern railways, has been established and first-class sleeping cars will hereafter run daily from Chicago at 10:30 p. m., arriving at Seattle 11:30 p. m., fourth day. This undoubtedly is the best route to reach the North Pacific Coast.

For time tables, maps and other information apply to the nearest ticket agent, or address D. C. Brady, Southern Passenger Agent, C. M. & St. P. R'y, 237 Fourth avenue, Louisville, Ky. 10-3t

Cottage Wanted.

Parties having a neat cottage well located, that desire to sell for cash, can find a purchaser by calling at this office.

Married, on Thursday evening, the 5th instant, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Jerry Stephens, of Rodman, Rowan county, Mrs. Lullie Lacy to Mr. John Carvens, passenger engineer of No. 318 on the C. & St. P. Mrs. Lacy was the widow of Frank Lacy, who was a conductor on the C. & O., and was so injured in the Ashland yards that death resulted. Both bride and groom are very popular and estimable people, and with their many friends we extend congratulations.

THE ADVOCATE.



Drives them away—the aches, pains, weakness and ailments that make women's life miserable. Some of them may be serious, and of them standing they need time, perhaps, and pain-killers. But all of them can be cured and corrected by Dr. Fayer's Favorite Prescription.

It's a powerful, invigorating tonic and a soothing and strengthening nerve; a legitimate medicine, purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, and carefully adapted to women's delicate needs. At the two critical periods in a woman's life—the change from girlhood to womanhood, and, later, the "change of life"—it is a perfectly safe and an especially valuable remedial agent that can produce only good results.

For all female complaints, "irregularities, and weakness," "Favorite Prescription" is the only remedy so infallible and effective that it can be guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, the money will be refunded.

A physician who has made the subject a study, declares that the talent of heredity is to be found in most cases of nervous diseases. Persons who are broken down by dissipation, exhausting diseases, excessive brain work, or anxiety, can no more transmit vitality to their children than a decaying vine can beget healthful fruit.—God Health.

Good Mutton Sheep.

The demand in this time is for a prime article, and any other kind hure rather than helps. Good mutton sheep are constantly growing in demand, and in a single week the Chicago market has taken care of 50,000 head and such without any glut or depression of prices. Only a few years ago such receipts would have utterly swamped the country. Butchers are on the look-out for good mutton all the time, and the frequent complaint is that they cannot get enough of it. Of course, they can get mutton of some sort, but they have learned that it injures the trade to handle any but the best, and so are more careful than they once were as to what they put on their blocks. It is this fact, that they can depend upon getting better than formerly, or none, that has stimulated the demand for mutton among meat eaters, for the best class of customers prefer to have none offered them unless the quality is up to the highest standard. Growers who take inferior mutton to the market, and butchers who handle it, both do much to hurt the future for the business, for the customers who buy it are apt to consider it as an indication of what they may expect in the future, and so they go back to beef and pork. The mutton industry is in the hands of the sheep growers, and they can make it what they will.—Indiana Farmer.

Antiquity of the Elevator.

An enterprising investigator of the mechanics of our grandfathers has discovered that the lift or elevator is not a modern invention. An ingenious contrivance of a similar nature was constructed in the middle of the seventeenth century in Paris by a man named Vallery, who called his invention a flying chair. Vallery's lift was not merely a toy; it became very fashionable with rich people on account of its utility. It was simply a chair attached to a rope which was passed over a pulley—or something which did duty for one—and had a weight at its other end to counterbalance the chair and the occupant. It continued in fashion until a mishap occurred to the King's daughter at Versailles. On one occasion the machinery failed to work when she was halfway up, and she stuck there for three good hours before she could be rescued by her servants, who had to break away the wall to release her.

"Flying chairs" were not much used at the court afterward. Some years later M. Thonier, who dabbled in mechanics in his leisure time, made a similar chair, which he worked from the balcony outside his window. If thus escaped the danger of being shut up in a shaft, as the King's daughter was, Mr. Thonier kept his arrangement secret and had many a laugh at the expense of his friends who came to visit him. When they left him he would make some excuse for not going down stairs with them, but when they reached the courtyard they were amazed to find him standing there awaiting them. To their questions he would return jesting replies, and then seating himself in his chair and going up as quickly as they were unable to discover how he did it. One day, instead of surprising his friend agreeably he did so disagreeably, for the machinery broke and he came greatly to grief. He used the staircase after his recovery.—Philadelphia Telegram.

ALICE OATES' LOVER

Writes Two Famous Songs and Dies a Drunken Pauper.

There appears in last Sunday's Chicago Inter Ocean the story of a strange and dramatic episode in the life of the late Alice Oates, the prima donna of opera bouffe. The facts are pretty badly garbled in this version, and as I was an eye witness of the incident referred to, and knew more or less intimately all the parties to it, it may not be uninteresting or unimportant to tell exactly what occurred.

In 1879, when Leadville, Col., was in its hey-day as the greatest silver center the world had ever seen, a queer character, calling himself Frank Rardon, drifted into camp. He was ragged, dirty, penniless and generally demoralized, but he still possessed some fragments from the wreck of a fine musical talent, and when he engaged as pianist at a variety theater the whole town turned out to hear him. As usual in such cases, there were times when his powers seemed momentarily to return to him and he played like one inspired. These brilliant flashes grew less and less frequent, and finally became only a reminiscence, but they were sufficient to firmly establish his reputation as a genius. At length he dropped entirely out of sight, disappeared in the desert, and he was promptly forgotten.

Meantime, however, his history had dropped out bit by bit and it was known that his name was not Rardon, but O'Reardon, and that at one time he had been a composer of international fame. Two songs of his are still known and sung, and will be as long as sweetness and simple melody have a hold upon the public heart. They are "The Wedding Bells Are Ringing" and "My Dream of Love Is O'er." In a certain sense they told the story of his life. While in New York and at the zenith of his fame he met the capricious songstress, Alice Oates. She was the divorced wife of Jim Oates, the St. Louis theatrical manager, and was at that time one of the most beautiful and fascinating women on the American stage.

O'Reardon, who was a warm-hearted, impetuous Irishman, fell head over heels in love and she, flattered by his attentions, encouraged him. In a few months their engagement was announced. It was then that he wrote "The Wedding Bells Are Ringing." Alice Oates sang it and none but she could and it made a tremendous hit. It was whistled and hummed from one end of the country to the other and the copyright which he presented her realized thousands of dollars.

But the fickle songbird grew tired of O'Reardon's devotions and finally sent him a message breaking the engagement. Its terms were brief and cutting and he realized the uselessness of an appeal. He made no attempt to see her, but poured forth all the wretchedness and despair of his heart in his last great song, "My Dream of Love Is O'er." With incredible callousness the actress added it to her repertoire and sang it to delighted audiences the whole land over. After that O'Reardon went to the dogs.

So much for preface. In the winter of 1880 there was a variety theater in Leadville, known as Colonel Wood's. Among the other "turns" O'Reardon was billed for a specialty on the musical glasses. He had turned up, it seemed, a trifle less seedy than usual, and secured an engagement on probation. He was one of those musical geniuses who can extract melody from anything, and he produced a quaint, tinkling effect by tapping and moving tumblers with a steel rod. The pitch was varied by filling the glasses to different degrees with water.

When O'Reardon's engagement was on Alice Oates Opera Company visited Leadville, playing in the Tabor Grand. Alice Oates heard, of course, that O'Reardon was in the camp and expressed a desire to witness his performance without being seen. It was arranged that she occupy a box and she was escorted to it by a female impersonator named Mills. They entered themselves behind the curtains and presently O'Reardon strode upon the stage and began his performance upon the glasses. It is not at all likely he knew of the presence of his old flame, but by a strange coincidence he played "My Dream of Love Is O'er." At the first notes Alice Oates started, turned pale and at last, moved apparently by an uncontrollable impulse, she parted the curtains and looked out. At the same instant

Much thought and discussion have occurred among the good and the wicked. The subject has been Dr. Fayer's Golden Relief. A says it cures too much. It cures too much from a "cure" to a "yummy" consumption. "It's trifling with human affliction." O has the solution. It cures only the worst cases. That's but ONE. It's got many names. A cure to cure. A consumption is another. Many between, such as influenza, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia, diphtheria, croup, etc., etc. Cure the inflammation, in any of these, and the disease is gone! Fight with the enemy—remedy not to blame! Treat it fairly. Give it a chance. The Doctor don't cure consumption. This is the "last chance." Try it. Read the following:

Mrs. L. C. Smith, No. 30 North Washington St., Rochester, N. Y., writes: "I have under the care of the same dread disease. Had the worst of it and the 'Golden Relief.' I finally began the use of Dr. Fayer's Golden Relief and am fully restored. If people could only know this remedy, and know it, what a saving of life there would be." Write her. She knows of other similar cases. Please to send her a lump of sugar, once in two weeks, if never disappointed. Contains no mercury, no arsenic, no opium, no lead, no silver, no gold, no copper, no iron, no tin, no zinc, no nickel, no cobalt, no manganese, no phosphorus, no sulfur, no carbon, no hydrogen, no oxygen, no nitrogen, no fluorine, no chlorine, no bromine, no iodine, no barium, no strontium, no calcium, no magnesium, no sodium, no potassium, no lithium, no cesium, no rubidium, no francium, no actinium, no thorium, no uranium, no radium, no polonium, no astatine, no tellurium, no selenium, no arsenic, no antimony, no bismuth, no tin, no lead, no zinc, no nickel, no cobalt, no manganese, no phosphorus, no sulfur, no carbon, no hydrogen, no oxygen, no nitrogen, no fluorine, no chlorine, no bromine, no iodine, no barium, no strontium, no calcium, no magnesium, no sodium, no potassium, no lithium, no cesium, no rubidium, no francium, no actinium, no thorium, no uranium, no radium, no polonium, no astatine, no tellurium, no selenium, no arsenic, no antimony, no bismuth, no tin, no lead, no 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THE GARDEN

Harvesting Corn.

Which Best Time and Labor May Be Saved.

It is certainly a great deal of time and labor in taking the harvested corn to the crib, and it is not uncommonly true that the corn is not so good as it could be if it were taken in earlier and getting corn in.

CORN SHOCKER.

The shocker, a well studied plan is shown, and the one here illustrated is for use as satisfactory by a Minute farmer, who thus describes it in The Country Gentleman:

Do not use a standing hill of corn for the center of the shock, as it is "shocky," but use a pole about 12 feet long, and two legs about 3 feet in length. The regular in a hole, about half fitting, and the hole bored through the pole, leaving him an even number of rows to be taken—I usually take six. Take the shocker in my right hand, I take up the center space (three rows on either side) and place each stick out in its own angle of the shocker. One can reach over and cut three hills without taking a single stroke.

When the shocks are finished, exactly two hills stand in each corner of the shocker, making the four quarters of the same size so there will be no tendency for the shock to lean in any direction. It will then be the operator as he deposits the last load is at A, just where he begins.

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CABBAGE WORMS.

Pyrethrum is the Remedy For These Troublesome Pests.

In the accompanying illustration are shown the cabbage worm and cabbage butterfly. The former, which is about an inch long and is green with yellow and black markings, is also called the

CABBAGE WORM AND CABBAGE MOTIL. The caterpillar. There are two broods of worms, and these feed on the cabbage heads. The worms are the larvae of the

The eggs for the first or spring brood of worms are laid during May or June, and the young are usually found congregated together until they acquire considerable size, when they spread out over the plants. The second brood of worms do not appear to be so exclusively injurious to the cruciferous plants of the garden. The moth is of a rich purple-brown, except hind wings, which are white.

Pyrethrum, or black dust, powder, is the popular remedy. The powder may be mixed with flour and applied with a bellows or sprayed on in the form of a fine dust. Other remedies are not water applied in a fine spray, kerosene emulsion and salt water sprinkled into the head.

Harvesting Tobacco.

There are two methods of harvesting tobacco—cutting down the whole plant and gathering the leaves separately. The former is the one that has been practiced for a long time by tobacco planters, and the latter, which is of recent origin, is regarded by many as the most scientific method.

Both plans have their advantages. The first is the easier and permits of quicker handling, but the leaves have to be sorted afterward, while the latter permits the sorting of the leaves in the first operation and the development of a greater number of mature leaves.

For cutting a heavy knife is used, and the method is similar to cutting sugar cane, the plant being held with the left hand and cut close to the ground. The plants should be removed to a shady place to prevent their being sunburned. After the plant is wilted and become pliant and in good condition to handle without breaking it should be placed on the sticks.

Some growers hold the opinion that the plants ought to be harvested without the roots at all, stringing on the sticks as they are cut and carrying them immediately to the tobacco barn. The reason for this is that often at the time of cutting the plant the ground is not so hot and the roots are not so dry and quickly sunburned. When hung on the stick, which is 4 feet in length, six to eight large plants are the usual number, and they are loaded on a wagon for taking to the tobacco barn—Alabama State Bulletin.

Wheat at the Virginia Station.

Thirty-two half acre plots of exhausted land were planted with wheat in October, 1892, and the results are as follows: Dissolved boneblack, muriate of potash and nitrate of soda were applied singly and two by two in fall ratios or at ratios of 140, 50 and 240 pounds per acre, respectively, and each material in one-half ratios and 14 ratios with the straw and grain are tabulated. The results may be summarized as follows:

The application of nitrogen, potash and phosphoric acid alone resulted in no increased yield.

The application of two of the elements in combination gave some increase in yield, but the best result was obtained with the combination.

Potash increased yield somewhat, provided phosphoric acid was present. The wheat with nitrogen was some what conflicting, giving some increase with phosphoric acid, but when all three elements were present an increase of nitrogen was of no advantage.

Phosphoric acid each time it was applied (except when alone) gave a decided increase to crop, and the 14 ratio gave the greatest yield.

The Florida Everglades.

It is claimed that the prospects are bright for the production of sugar, rice and cassava on the reclaimed lands near Lake Kissimmee, Florida. Already sugar and rice have been raised, and now a Florida correspondent in The American Agriculturist avers that cassava is one of the most profitable crops which can be grown on these drained lands. Experiments at the station show that it can easily be made to yield from five to ten tons of roots to the acre, and these contain from 30 to 35 per cent of starch.

Agriculture News and Notes.

This is a season of universal poor plight, especially in the lower southern States.

The growth of the orange industry in Florida has increased from a production of 600,000 boxes in 1885 to 3,000,000 for 1892. The season just closed, and according to conservative estimates the coming crop will be fully 5,000,000 boxes, of which 4,000,000 will be marketed. The average price received by growers the past season was \$1.51 per box.

Buffalo clover, a native of the south-west, is not considered of much value by the Southern Cultivator.

THE BEST J. O. MILLER BLOOD Purifier

AND TONIC For Old and Young TO QUICKEN THE Appetite, REMOVE THAT Tired Feeling And Make the Weak Strong.

It enriches the blood and invigorates every organ and system of the body.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla Cures others, will cure you

Alas! For the Editor.

The poetical editor of the Ellijay Courier writes:

"Fifty delinquents, all in arrears. Some one, some two, and some three years. One poor editor, all in tears, begging the Sheriff with hopes and fears; Fifty delinquents, leaving at ease. 'One poor editor out at the knees.'"

The "most popular candidate" had look a queer turn lately. A Boston newspaper put up Miss Lizzie Borden as a contestant for a free ticket to the World's Fair, and she received about 96,000 votes and was notified that she was about to win, when her counselor, Mr. Jennings, notified the newspaper managers to give the prize to the next highest candidate on the list. A final rush on behalf of another candidate secured the prize. Miss Borden does not desire notoriety, but seems unable to avoid it.

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Hoffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was able to get around. They pronounced the case to be consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it and is to-day enjoying good health. If you have any throat, lung or chest trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at W. S. Lloyd's drugstore.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will remove pimples, boils, salt rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters—entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cents and \$1 per bottle at W. S. Lloyd's drugstore.

A Tank of Crocodiles.

One of the innumerable curious sights of India is the Nuggur tank of Karachi. In former times, the crocodiles which inhabited it roamed the neighborhood at their will, seeking whom they might devour; but so great were their depredations that the authorities were forced to build a wall round their haunt. This is a swamp caused by hot springs, the medicinal virtues of which have been known from early times, and are attributed to the sanctity of a Mohammedan whose tomb is close by, and to whom the crocodiles are sacred. The tank, as it is called, is about one hundred and fifty yards long by about half that distance in breadth. In this space one observer counted over two hundred reptiles, from eight to fifteen feet long, and smaller ones innumerable. They are so tame, in a sense, that it is necessary to poke them with a stick before they will move. Buffaloes are always standing in the water, and are not attacked; but any other animal is instantly seized. "The whole appearance of the place," says one writer, "with its slimy, stagnant water, and so many of these big, snout-mouthed monsters moving sluggishly about is disgusting in the extreme, and it will long be remembered by me as the most loathsome spot I ever beheld."—Chamber's Journal.

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C. & O. George Reisenger

Chesapeake and Ohio SHOE SHOP,

South Mayville Street.

From the cheapest to the finest work done at the lowest prices possible. Best material, good work, low prices. Will always have a stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

made up in sizes that I can fit the trade. By having these goods made up I can furnish them, quality and workmanship considered, much cheaper than they can be bought from the store.

Kentucky Central R. R. "BLUE GRASS ROUTE."

Shortest and Quickest Route

—FROM— CENTRAL KENTUCKY —TO ALL POINTS— NORTH & SOUTH.

Through daily train service between Cincinnati and Middleborough and points on L. & N. R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1, 1893.

South-Bound. No. 1. Daily. Express. First Class. Daily. Ex. Rate.

North-Bound. No. 2. Daily. Express. First Class. Daily. Ex. Rate.

Trains Run By Central Standard Time.

TIME TABLE OCT. 31, 1893.

TRAINS EAST. No. 1. Daily. Express. First Class. Daily. Ex. Rate.

TRAINS WEST. No. 2. Daily. Express. First Class. Daily. Ex. Rate.

Wood's Phosphorine.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Impotency, and all other diseases of the system.

For information and free trial, send for our circular, and we will send you a trial bottle, and we will send you a trial bottle, and we will send you a trial bottle.

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THE ADVOCATE.

ADVOCATE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

TUESDAY, OCT. 10, 1893.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

ORFSTATE SENATOR,
J. H. HOLLOWAY,
OF CLARK.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
W. C. TAYLOR,
OF MENEFEE.

FOR SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT,
I. N. HORTON.

A Republican newspaper is soon to be started in Winchester. A company has been organized for that purpose, and one of its members is now in Chicago buying an outfit.—Winchester Sun.

Secretary Carlisle has sent to the Senate a new estimate placing the probable total cost of deportation of Chinese laborers under the Geary act at \$7,360,000, of which sum \$860,000 would be required for the current fiscal year.

The Democratic majority is so pronounced in Mt. Sterling, that republicanism is almost a thing of the past. It is probable, however, if any of the several republican gentlemen who are said to be anxious to make the race, decide to try issues, the field is open and they can make their wishes known as soon as they please.

The Republicans of Fleming county have nominated Rev. Thos. Wood, brother of Col. A. T. Wood, of this city, for Representative against Hon. Holla Hart. The Rev. Wood will not have the pleasure of occupying the seat. There are too many good Democrats in Fleming county to allow so good a man as Holla Hart to suffer defeat.

Several days ago the Treasury Department mailed interest checks aggregating in value about \$5,000,000 to pay interest on the public debt, due October 1. The effect of their payment is already being felt in the reduction of the gold reserve, which stands at \$89,582,172 on the 2d inst. The reserve has nearly reached the lowest point in its history, which occurred about the middle of June.

Senator Blackburn Friday offered his compromise amendment to the Silver-purchase Repeal Bill. It strikes out the Voorhees amendment and authorizes the free coinage of silver from United States mules, except as to silverware, which is to equal the difference between the market price of silver and "its minted value after refinance," and which is to be sold for gold, the receipts from this source to be used "for the purpose of maintaining a parity between the two metals."

News from Washington says the President has determined to give C. R. Brooks, of this place, the Oklahoma Attorneyship. There is a protest from the Territory about appointing a man outside of its limits to the position, but from what can be learned, the President will hardly change his mind about the matter. We had hoped and expected before this to hear of Mr. Brooks' confirmation by the Senate. The President could hardly make a more fitting appointment than that of C. R. Brooks to this or a like position.

Why No Silver Was Purchased.

Secretary Carlisle sent to the house his reply to the resolution of that body asking why 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion was not purchased during July and August, as required by law. The reply says that, as the United States is the largest purchaser of silver in the world, the secretary of the treasury, after examination of the offers and quotations each day, should determine what, in his judgment, is a fair market price. He either has to purchase 4,500,000 ounces at the dealers' prices, no matter how unreasonable or exorbitant they may be, or he must employ such means as his command to ascertain the actual market price. The effort of the department since June 12 has been simply to ascertain the fair market price of bullion on each day. It was offered for sale, and, when ascertained, to make purchases at that price.

ANOTHER LIE

In the Long List of Falsehoods That Have Been Circulated in the Breckinridge Pollard Scandal.

The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette has the following special from Paris: "The public has been wondering what became of the baby Miss Pollard gave birth to in Cincinnati, and which she claims in her petition is the son of Colonel Breckinridge.

"The Commercial Gazette reporter has located it. "It was adopted by Judge Van B. Young, who died a few years since while Judge of the Superior Court of Kentucky, and is now being reared by his widow. Mrs. Judge Young now resides in Bath county, and the child is to be an important witness when he great case comes to trial. The boy is known as Stoddard Young, is in his sixth year, and said to bear a striking resemblance to the present and former Representative. Since the guardian has been put under a ruling of the court to produce the youngster at Washington when ordered, and it being apparent that he is to play a prominent part in the proceedings before the jury, he is never allowed to be out of the sight of an attendant.

"This is the way Judge Van B. Young got control of the waif.

"In the fall of 1884 a carriage coming from the direction of Lexington, rolled along the pike as it roundly rattled towards Owingville. The carriage-keeper heard the carriage stop, but being rather slow about getting out, he found on opening the door that the carriage had turned and was being driven back toward Lexington. The keeper started back into the house he discovered a basket sitting on his porch. Mechanically picking it up he carried it into his room and found it contained a chubby babe. While wondering what to do with it and why the parents of it should have left it with a poor man who could not properly care for it, Judge Young drove up and asked the gate-keeper what he was doing up so late. Why he Judge did not pass on without stopping at the gate up and he was allowed free toll, is a mystery.

"He was told about the baby being left there, and asked what was best to be done about it. "Why, give it to me," said the Judge, "I have no children, and can afford to educate it." Glad to be so soon relieved of his charge, the gate-keeper gladly handed the basket to the Judge. The Judge looked at himself in a mirror hanging on his left as he passed out and took his departure. The Judge was not a night rider ordinarily, was not campaigning at that time, and came from the direction of Lexington, a short distance behind the hack. Was the Judge given a tip?

"Mrs. Judge Young was a grand-daughter of Governor Robinson and a sister of George Bell, the prominent merchant of this city, and Ben Bell, the leading druggist of Lexington. If the leading druggist of Lexington can not now be stated what Mrs. Young knows about the history of the child before it was left at the lonely toll-gate, but Judge Young often remarked to his brothers-in-law that Stoddard has some of the best blood in the State in his veins, and his father is a congressman." When asked if he knew for fact the name of the boy's parents, he would reply: "I do not know enough to know that he comes of an illustrious family."

"Another incident in connection with the affair is, Miss Pollard was visiting in Bourbon, near the Bath county line, at the time the papers were telling of the desertion of the waif, and the presidential 'passing' of Judge Judge Young, who gave it a home. It is now recalled what intense interest Miss Pollard took in the fate of the child, and would often express a desire to go and see it. There is no doubt but that Stoddard Young is the son of Miss Pollard—as to it being Breckinridge's, that is quite another matter. Judge Young and Colonel Breckinridge were good friends."

The Commercial Gazette's correspondent has either a vivid imagination or he has given some one full liberty to impose upon him. There is little truth in history. While Judge and Mrs. Young never positively knew who the father and mother of the babe they adopted were, they did know that the child was born at old man Shelby Carpenter's in Bath county, on the 18th day of January, 1884, and that the father and mother in no way resembled either Col. Breckinridge or Miss Pollard. They had a full description of the couple from old man

Nervous Prostration



Years of Suffering Ended
"I broke down in health, lost my appetite, had a bad cough, and suffered from nervous prostration. I read of Hood's Sarsaparilla and sent for a bottle of the medicine. After using it three days my nerves became quieted and I regained an appetite. In a short time I was able to walk, and before taking two bottles was attending to my household duties. I am now in better health than for years."—Mrs. Emma Hunt, Rossville, N. C. Get HOOD'S
Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

Carpenter. Judge Young did not drive up to the toll-gate until the child where it was left on the 14th of March, 1884; but Mrs. Young herself went out from Owingville (when they were residing) after having heard of the desertion of the babe, and took it home. This was on March 15, 1884. The guardian of the child had been put under a ruling to produce the youngster in Washington. Mrs. Young lives in Mt. Sterling, not in Bath county. In short, there is scarcely a particle of truth in the story. Mrs. Young authorities us to deny the story, and for her make the statement that beyond the fact that a child was left at the toll-gate and at once adopted by Judge Young and herself, it has no foundation in fact.

Honored

Governor Brown appointed last Friday's delegates to the International or World's Fair, to be held at Chicago to commence in Chicago October 23. The certificates showing him to be delegates and constituting him members of the association will be issued to them by the Secretary of the World's Congress Auxiliary of the World's Fair as soon as they can reach Chicago.

F. J. Bigstaff, of this city, is one of the delegates appointed. This is a deserved compliment to a most competent and worthy representative of the young Democracy of our county.

A fearful storm swept over the Gulf coast from Louisiana to Florida, on Sunday and Monday of last week. Each report from the stricken district has but added to the horror. The loss of life, so far as known, reaches over 2,000 souls. Between 600 and 700 vessels are reported wrecked, and the property loss to houses, crops, railroads, etc., is estimated at about \$5,500,000.

The Democratic Committee of Bath county has declared Alex. Conner the nominee of the Democracy of Bath County Attorney, to be voted for at the next November election. All Democrats should give Mr. Conner their support.—Bath County World.

And no man is a good Democrat who falls to vote for Mr. Conner.

At the Senatorial convention at Jackson to select a Democratic nominee, there was anything but harmony. The convention split and each one held their meeting. One declared Hon. John P. Salter its nominee, and the other Mr. Hogg. The matter has been referred to the Central Committee for adjustment.

Many petitions from brewers have been sent to the House Ways and Means Committee asking a reduction of the tariff on hops from 15 to 5 cents a pound. A number of the Kentucky Congressmen are for the reduction, and Chairman Wilson, of the Ways and Means Committee, is also said to be favorably inclined.

The New York Chamber of Commerce Thursday adopted resolutions condemning the Senate for delaying the repeal of the Sherman law and thanking the House and President Cleveland for their prompt action in the matter.

Hon. S. A. Robinson, who was Chief of the United States Secret Service Department during the war, died at Denison, Texas, Thursday.

The Rev. Dr. William Lawrence was Thursday consecrated Episcopal Bishop of Massachusetts to succeed the late Bishop Phillips Brooks.

James R. Randall, of Georgia, author of "Maryland, My Maryland," has been appointed to a position under the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

1893 RACES! 1893

Kentucky FALL MEETING Association. LEXINGTON, KY

COMMENCING MONDAY, OCT. 16, 9
Continuing Nine Days!-9

Great Sport! Large Fields Great Sport! of Horses!

J. H. MILLER, SECRETARY. B. F. CLAY, PRESIDENT.

NEW GOODS!

FRESH GOODS!

DRESS GOODS—everything in this line new and fashionable. Trimmings the newest and latest. Flannels, Blankets, Underwear, and the like; Quilts, Lace Curtains, Hosiery—in fact everything that one could think of in the Dry Goods line. Men's Suitings always on hand. Notions, stock new and complete. Carpet department full. Visit our full house, ask for what you want, and it will be shown you. Best prices to cash buyers.

Grubbs & Hazelrigg, Mt. Sterling.

The claim of the city of Louisville and Logan and Simpson counties against the United States Government or rebate of internal revenue taxes collected on their bonds from the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company has at last been adjusted and a warrant for the amount due the city of Louisville and the above named counties will be forwarded to the proper authorities at once. The bill directing the Secretary of the Treasury to refund these taxes was introduced in the last Congress by Representative Caruth. It became a law on the 23d of last February. Hon. Albert Willis was the attorney for the city and counties. Louisville will receive \$1,359,02; Logan county, \$15,397.70, and Simpson county, \$1,296,02, and Willis will get a good fat fee.

A St. Louis special says: "A general shake-up of the employees of the Adams Express Company in St. Louis has caused consternation. Local Agent Joseph Temple does not believe that any man who spends his time 'rolling de bones' in a crap game or 'wagers his salary on a horse race in a fit person to hand in express packages, a few days before the last of the present month he announced that all parties who had been pursuing either of these pastimes would be asked to resign.

Charges affecting the record as a pension attorney of E. S. Jackson, Republican candidate for Governor of Iowa, are causing considerable dissatisfaction in the party in the State. Two strong Republican papers have demanded his withdrawal from the ticket.

In accordance with the decision of the National House, the debate on Federal Elections was to close yesterday and it was expected that a vote would be reached to day.

The new ocean steamship line of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway seems to be making itself felt already. A St. Louis dispatch states that east-bound freight rates are on the verge of demoralization, the lines competing with the Big Four charging that the latter is putting grain into Liverpool for less than twenty-seven cents from the Mississippi.

A Roast on the Route. "You know old Jones who owes you six dollars?" "Yes?" "Well, he's dyin', an' says he'll leave this world in a chariot of fire."

"Serves him right," replied the editor, "he'll be roasted before he gets there!"—Ex.

Something New. Sorghum molasses, this year's make, of excellent quality; 50 cents per gallon. CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

LEXINGTON'S Great Trots!

(Ky. T. H. Ass. Incorporated)

LEXINGTON, October 7 to 14, inclusive. 7-DAYS-7

\$50,000. \$50,000.

The \$5,000 Saturday Stake, Saturday, Oct. 7. \$12,500 Stallion Reproductive Stake, Monday, Oct. 8. The \$5,000 Transvaal Stake, Tuesday, Oct. 9. The Great Free-For-All, Wednesday, Oct. 11.

HALF RATES On All Railroads. Ladies Free First Day. FOR FULL PROGRAMME, Write ED. A. TIPTON, Secretary.

WORLD'S FAIR EXCURSION

VIA Queen & Crescent ROUTE AND Louisville Southern. From stations North of St. Louis, set and West of Louisville, on SEPTEMBER 21, 1903, going via Cincinnati and Penn. Lines. Lowest Rates of the Season. Call on Agents for full particulars.

CHARLES LAPPLE,

FRESH MEATS AT ALL TIMES AT REASONABLE PRICES.

The Butcher.

WORMS!

WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE FOR 20 YEARS Has led all Worm Remedies. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED. SOLD EVERYWHERE. Prepared by DR. J. C. WHITE, 27, Essex St., N. Y.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

As Assignee of J. C. B. Gillispie, I will sell on Wednesday, October 11, 1893, at the Jerry Northcutt place about two miles East of Frank Line, the following property: 1 bay horse, 1 buggy and set of harness, lap robes, rain aprons, etc. 1 organ, 1 dresser, 1 roller, 1 bed, 1 ransell harrow, 1 mower, 1 four-shedder, 1 cutting bell, 1 cross-cut saw, About 10 acres of corn in field and place to feed. Also about 10 acres of corn in the shock, and acres of oats in the field, on the land of Calvin Gillispie, 20 to 25 place to feed it. I will also sell the same time and place, rent for 10 acres of grass. All sums of \$10 and under, cash in hand. Amounts over \$10, a credit till January 1st, 1894, notes if approved security. J. C. GILLISPIE, Jr. Assignee. W. H. FLETCHER, Auctioneer. 10-21

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

As Assignee of J. M. Armstrong, I will sell on Wednesday, October 11, 1893, at the J. M. Armstrong farm, near Jerry, seven miles north of Mt. Sterling, the following property: STOCK AND CROP. 1 head of 3-year-old steers—some good ones. 1 dry cow, 1 heifer, 1 Jersey cow, fresh in milk, 1 sow and pigs, 2 head of horses, 5 two-year-old mules, 2 yearling mules, 10 to 15 acres for corn; 10 acres of good meadow; balance in grass, and finely watered; two or three fairly good tenant houses. Terms made known on day of sale. Sale to begin at 10 a. m. sharp. J. W. BURBROUGH, Assignee of J. M. Armstrong.

TRIMBLE BROS., WHOLESALE GROCERS.

TRIMBLE BROS.,

Wholesale * Grocers *

MT. STERLING, KY.

Elder B. W. Trimble will preach at
Cincinnati Christian Church next Sunday
morning.

Mr. Sterling registered 704 votes
in 1815; Richmond 836; and Win-
chester 1028.

Miss George C. Barnes, daughter of
George C. Barnes, was married
last Thursday to Mr. Edward N.
Duncan, of Lexington.

Mrs. Mattie Embury, wife of Mr.
Mattie Embury, of Louisville, died last
Saturday. Her remains were taken
to Richmond for burial.

Mrs. Lewis Straus, Chairman of the
Board of Aldermen of the city of Lex-
ington, has tendered his resignation
on account of mismanagement of the
city's affairs.

Mr. John Clement, of Clement &
Clement, Danville, Va., shipped a car-
load of cows and hogs from this
station yesterday, for which he paid
from 2 to 24 cents.

MR. STERLING ADVOCATE:
Please make notice in your first
issue that I decline to make the race
for City Judge, or any other office.
Oct. 4, 1893. B. F. JOHNSON.

Z. T. Young, Jr., and Miss Lizzie
Gatwood, both of this city, were mar-
ried at the Grand Hotel, Cincinnati,
last Tuesday. Mr. Young is a young
practitioner at law, and is located at
Morehead.

At North Middletown Christian
Church, last Wednesday, Mr. Lewis
Hagan, of Winchester, and Miss Lida
Reynolds, of North Middletown, and
Mr. Will Hagan, of Winchester, and
Miss Kate Bean, of North Middletown,
were married.

Miss A. Kate Strode, daughter of
W. D. Strode, a prominent Clark
county farmer, will be married on
Wednesday evening, the 23rd inst., at
7:30 o'clock, in the Winchester Epis-
tolic church, to Mr. Vernon L. Clark,
of Frankfort, and will be at their
home in Frankfort after November 1.

On last Friday, at Morehead, M. F.
Fouch had his examining trial before
County Judge, for the murder of George
Johnson on Monday, the 2nd inst.,
and was refused bail. He was
represented by Maj. A. T. Wood and
Z. T. Young of this city. The com-
monwealth was represented by James
Clark and William Young of More-
head, and Judge B. F. Day of this
city.

A jolly good lot of boys were hunting
and fishing at Oil Springs last week
and they had a fine lot of Kentucky
fox hounds. During the first long
race three of the best dogs were lost,
and when the hunt was all rounded
up, the dogs were all O. K. and
another right place but two of the
boys were still lost; they came in about
Saturday all torn up showing they
had been in a hard race.

"ONE OF THE BOYS."

John T. Dorris, the popular drum-
mer, met with an accident near Pig's
Store, in Clark county, Tuesday, that
will confine him to his bed for several
days. Mr. Dorris left West Bond,
Powell county, when it was raining
hard, and when near Pig's Store
some part of the harness broke; this
severed the horse, and the buggy was
returned. Dorris was dragged some
distance and badly scratched up, but
luckily no bones were broken. He was
brought to this city Wednesday
morning and is now at the residence
of J. A. Oreson, on Harrison avenue.

John Steagall, aged 17, son of
Mr. and Mrs. R. Steagall, of Shelby
county, died at the home of his par-
ents, on Tuesday, of an acute attack of
Bright's disease. The disease was
well known here, where he had lived
until within a year. He was a grand-
son of Mr. Johnson A. Young, of this
county, and was a bright and popular
boy. He had developed a rather un-
usual aptitude for business and this
threw him with older persons than
himself. His genial disposition won
him many friends among the business
men with whom he came in contact.
His father, pastor, Elder H. D. Clark,
of the Christian Church, of this city,
was called to preach his funeral on
Thursday.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Sallie Latham visited friends
here last week.

Miss America Tucker has gone to
the World's Fair.

Albert Bourne has returned from a
visit to Nicholas county.

J. L. Hainline, wife and children
have moved to Cincinnati.

Mrs. Nettie Vanpelt is visiting Mrs.
J. T. Young, in Sharpsburg.

Clay Cooper was at home from Lex-
ington, Saturday and Sunday.

John G. Winn and wife have re-
turned from the World's Fair.

Robert Colyer, of Millersburg, visit-
ed friends in the city Sunday.

Mrs. Julia Stone and Clay Thomas
have gone to the World's Fair.

Miss Frankie Cheatham spent Sun-
day and Monday in Lexington.

Sampel Gallagher, of Sharpsburg,
was in the city Saturday on business.

M. S. Tyler was in Owingsville
Monday attending Bath Circuit court.

Mr. John J. Dickey, editor of the
Jackson Hustler, was in the city last
week.

Miss Annie Mary Kenney, of Paris,
is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. De-
Haven.

Mrs. Milton Hager and children, of
Salisbury, are visiting at Mr. G. F.
Greene's.

Miss Willie K. Leach will visit
friends in Lexington and Georgetown
this week.

Mrs. R. W. McClelland and daugh-
ter, Miss Mattie, leave for the World's
Fair to-day.

Mrs. Virginia Chisholm is visiting
her sister, Mrs. Joyce Thompson, in
Clark county.

Steve Adamson, who has been pri-
ng tobacco here, has returned to his
home in Sharpsburg.

Rev. H. H. Sneed, of Middlebor-
ough, was in the city last week visit-
ing with many friends.

Col. J. L. Hurt, Z. T. Young and
Allie Young attended the Bath Cir-
cuit Court the past week.

Miss Annie McKinnon, of Owings-
ville, who has been visiting Miss
Nash Burdette, has returned home.

Mrs. Cushman, of Flemingburg,
who has been visiting her daughter,
Mrs. L. F. Tabb, has returned home.

Mr. Edgar Bourne, cashier of the
Taylorville Bank, is in the city and
county visiting friends and relatives.

Misses C. L. Lane and Mary Gat-
wood, R. M. Trimble, wife and son,
have returned from the World's Fair.

B. W. Trimble and wife and Miss
Mary Cassidy are at home from a trip
to Chicago and the Columbian Expo-
sition.

Mrs. Alex. McCintock, of Fayette
county, who has been visiting her
daughter, Mrs. Ray Haydon, has re-
turned home.

L. M. Tipton and wife, Mrs. Sallie
Tipton, Misses Lena and Mamie
Tipton and Esther Wilson, are at the
World's Fair.

S. C. Stofer, who has been very
sick at Mrs. Shelds Cunningham's in
Clark county, is, we are glad to say,
very much improved.

Charles D. Grubbs and wife, Misses
Katie and Virginia Grubbs, Mary
Apperson and Nellie Winn returned
from the World's Fair on Friday.

Mrs. William Knox and daughter,
Miss Fannie, of Carlisle, who have
been visiting Capt. T. J. Henry, at
West Liberty, spent a few days at J.
T. Hazen's last week, on their way
home.

Mr. and Mrs. James Runyon, Miss
Bertie Price, Miss Bertie Price, Mr.
James Price, of Fleming county, and
Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Price, of Ewing,
Ky., attended the funeral of Mrs.
Mary R. Carter.

Rev. A. J. Arrick and wife are in
Mayville this week. Mr. Arrick is
attending the Ebenezer Presbytery,
which met there Monday, and the
Synod of the Presbyterian Church of
Kentucky, U. S. A., which meets to-
day. Mr. Arrick is a delegate to the
Ladies' Synodical meeting, of Home

Kennedy Bros.,

The - Prescription - Druggists -
—DEALERS IN—
Pure Drugs, Medicines, &c.

School Books, School Supplies, Pure Inks, pencils, &c. All Toilet Ar-
ticles. Also Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

Missions. They will be absent the
entire week.

Mr. J. S. Rogers is in Chicago at the
World's Fair.

Rev. William Jayne, of Farmers,
was in the city Monday.

Mrs. H. R. French and daughter,
Miss Juliet, are attending the World's
Fair.

Rev. Green Clay Smith, of the Me-
thodist Baptist Church, Washing-
ton, D. C., is in the city visiting his
many friends.

Mrs. R. E. Moorman and little
daughter, who have been visiting Mr.
George E. Chick, leave for their home
in Cloverport to-day.

Misses Bettie Jones, Julia Mas-
on, Mag. White of Madison are visit-
ing their aunt Mrs. Carrie King, at Mrs.
Annie Bean's near this city.

Mr. M. R. Hainline, of the firm of
Schlegel & Hainline is in Richmond
doing fine finish paneling on the new
residence of Mr. Lewis Schlegel.

Mr. W. C. Taylor, of Marbury, Men-
cefe county, Democratic nominee for
Representative from this district, was
in the city yesterday. He has no fear
of Republican opposition, in fact
would rather enjoy a little brush with
our friends, the enemy.

M. F. Garrison and wife witnessed
the Lacy-Cravens wedding at Rod-
man, Rowan county, on last Thursday
evening. From here they visited
friends in Enterprise, and Mrs. Garri-
son went to Olive Hill to visit friends.
She returned home Monday.

Mrs. A. T. Thompson and daugh-
ter, Miss Lavina, of Mt. Sterling,
were here Saturday. Mrs. T. Ham-
ilton, of Montgomery county, were guests
of Mrs. James Stone Monday.

J. T. Boardman, of Mt. Sterling, was
here Monday looking out a location. He
is a first-class carpenter, and
should be secure a building contract,
will remove his family here without
delay.—Owingsville Outlook.

Quite a party leaves for the great
"World's Fair" at Chicago to-day, of
the number, we have been able to
obtain the following names: Messrs
John King, A. B. Ratliff, J. C. Ham-
ilton, Boll Ratliff, Earnest Myhrle, A.
A. Hazlerigg, Pierce Winn, W. H.
Reid, Roger Gatwood, Lawless Gat-
wood, Jack Graves, T. G. Denton,
Robert Barnes, Lawrence White, Allie
Young, Ed Mitchell, C. C. Chesnut,
John Huges, F. McClelland Ewing,
Roland Ratliff, J. C. Reid, D. C. Fox,
Thos. Thomas, William Ratliff Dr.
W. R. Thompson, C. T. Hazlerigg
and Geo. Bald.

The ladies of the Episcopal Church
are busy making preparations for a
grand entertainment to be held early
in November. One of the chief fea-
tures of such entertainment will be the
floral display made by the Mt. Ster-
ling Floral Company, consisting of
some fifty varieties of chrysanthem-
ums of the newest named sorts,
both in pots and out flowers, as well
as some enormous blooms which are
furnished for exhibition by one of the
finest chrysanthemum growers in the
States. The ladies will have a flower
stall, at which plants, cut roses, carn-
ations and chrysanthemums will be
sold.

Retirements of different kinds will
be provided both afternoon and even-
ing, as well as vocal and instrumental
music. No pains will be spared to
make this entertainment a grand suc-
cess. Programs containing the date
and place for the above will be ready
shortly.

The statement of the Mt. Sterling
National Bank appears in another
column in this issue. It shows the
bank in fine shape.

A Horrible Death.

Mary, the 8-year-old daughter of
Tom Johnson, on Rock House Branch,
Bell county, fell into a kettle of boiling
soap, and was boiled to death. The
skin and flesh all fell from her bones
when she was taken out.

Mr. Mike McKarty, formerly with
the Mt. Sterling Gas Company, is
now with the Mt. Sterling Gas and
Electric Company, and will answer all
calls for plumbing work of all kinds.
9-3c

Religions.

Elder J. S. Sweeney was elected
Sunday to serve as pastor of the Chris-
tian Church for the coming year. This
will be the twenty-fourth consecutive
year of Elder Sweeney's pastoral
charge of the church. This fact alone
speaks volumes for the high esteem in
which Elder Sweeney is held and
shows how the congregation appreci-
ates his work.—Bourbon News.

Elder Wallace Tharp, of Carlisle,
has been called to take charge of the
Christian church at Augusta, Ga. The
church was built by the late Mrs.
Emily Tubman, sister of the late Lan-
don Thomas, of Frankfort, at a cost of
\$110,000; has an elegant parsonage
and the endowment fund furnishes a
salary of \$2,400 for the preacher.

R. A. Thomson preached at the Bat-
tist Church last Sunday morning to
a good congregation.

Rev. B. B. Bailey, of Shelby county
has been called as pastor of the Mt.
Sterling Baptist Church.

James W. B. Scobee, aged 63, one
of Montgomery's best citizens, died on
Wednesday, October 4, 1893, at his
home two miles West of Mt. Sterling.
Mr. Scobee was an extensive farmer,
a man of integrity, uprightness and
honor, a good neighbor and true
friend. He was married in 1858 to
Elizabeth McIntyre, and eleven chil-
dren blessed their union—three boys
and eight girls. For all the large
family they had, their home was never
too crowded to afford shelter and lov-
ing care to more than one little waif
that stood in need of such a home as
theirs. The Master took the little
ones in his arms and blessed them
and said, "such is the Kingdom of
Heaven." It is likely he will let those
lost their reward, who schooled His
words, "Suffer little ones to come?"

Four children are married; two
sons, William N. of this county and
R. L. of Colorado, and two daughters,
Mrs. Ida Thompson, of Clark, and
Mrs. Jane Benton, of Arkansas. The
others with the devoted wife, live at
home.

He remains were buried in the
cemetery at Winchester on Friday.

Another of our older citizens has
been called away. Mrs. Mary R. Carter,
aged 83, died at the home of her sis-
ter, Mrs. Wm. Mitchell, at Mayslick,
Ky., on Friday morning, October 6,
1893. So hale, hearty and active was
Mrs. Carter that we had not been
used to number her among those who
had outlived man's allotted span. A
woman of great energy and strength
of character and much business capac-
ity when, during the war between the
States, she found herself a widow,
almost penniless and a family on her
hands, bravely met the situation
and took up the burden of life with a
cheerfulness and an energy that knew
no such word as fail; raised her fam-
ily, secured for herself and them a
comfortable competence. She was a
devoted mother, never tiring of loving
deeds for children and grand children.
No wonder, then, when the dear old
hands were crossed and the light
faded out of the eye that never
looked save in loving benediction,
that the loved ones left the light of
the whole world died with her setting
sun. God gave her long life, and at
the last He did for her, just what she
would have asked, had it been here to
have selected: He took her before her
eyes grew dim or her natural strength
abated. The evening before her death
she was with the family of her sister,
where she was visiting, bright, cheer-
ful and seemingly enjoying her usual
health. The next morning, when she
was not up at her accustomed early
hour, her sister entered her room and
found her very ill. Medical aid was
summoned, but in a few hours she
had entered into her rest.

She leaves two daughters, Mrs. T.
P. Martin and Mrs. Emma G. Hanly.
A son died many years ago ere he
had reached manhood.

Her remains were brought to this
city Saturday evening and Sunday
afternoon the funeral service was
held in the Christian church by her
pastor, Elder H. D. Clark, who paid
a glowing tribute to her memory;
among other things telling how she
had served the Lord longer than man,
who had reached mature manhood,
had been in the world. The sympathy
of the entire community goes out to
the stricken ones in their sorrow.

INSURE YOUR

TOBACCO

With A. HOFFMAN. Best Companies and low Rates

Big Fire at Lexington.

Losses by smoke and water on over
\$80,000 worth of Hats, Furnishings,
Clothing and fine piece goods, by the
J. N. Wilson Company, Lexington,
Ky., has been adjusted and everything
will be ready in a few days for the
greatest fire sale ever known.

Such fires are much to be deplored,
as they not only cause loss to the in-
jury of the parties directly concerned, but to
the detriment of every other house in
the same line of business, as it throws
upon the market goods at about half
cost, thus paralyzing legitimate trade
and really losing money for every one
except the general public, who, even
though goods are only slightly dam-
aged, feel that a fire is justification for
paying only about one-fourth the
original price. 11-2c

For Sale.

A second-hand Remington type-
writer, No. 114 excellent order. Ap-
ply at ADVOCATE office. 8-4c

Owing to the importunities of our
customers, we have again brought in
a stock of Cotolesne. It is much bet-
ter and certainly much cheaper than
lard. Read our advertisement.

CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

The best lard is at Adam
Baum & Son's.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures Dyspepsia, In- digestion & Debility.

Adam Baum & Son have the best
Swiss cheese made. Try it, 10-3c

Do not forget that Howe & Johnson
make a specialty of pure liquors for
family and medicinal purposes. They
guarantee the purity of the goods they
handle. 10-3c

For Sale.

Two yearling rams and a Poland
China boar. W. H. PERKITT.

Go to Howe & Johnson for pure
family liquors; 50c, 75c, and \$1 per
quart. 10-3c

For the best assortment of molasses
and syrups go to
10-3c ADAM BAUM & SON.

Howe & Johnson handle such pure
family liquors that people will have
them at any cost. If they lack the
money to buy they will break in and
steal them. It has rained, but
Howe & Johnson still have plenty of
full strength to supply all for family
and medicinal purposes. 10-3c

For nice sugar-cured hams, go to
10-3c ADAM BAUM & SON'S.

We sell more goods for \$1 cash than
any house in town. Try us once.
10-3c HOWE & JOHNSON.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES,
Or you are all worn out, get good for nothing
but BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, cleanse your liver, and give
you a good appetite.

REED.

FOR CASH!

A Big Out in Prices
For The

Next 30 Days

In Glassware.

Tumblers 15c to 60c per
set.

Stand Lamps 20c to 100
65c each.

Preserve Stand 15c to
45c each.

Pickle Stand 5c to 15c.

Mason Quart Jars 5c.

Queensware.

Plates 25c per set and
upward.

Cups and Saucers 30c
and upward.

Pitchers 15c up.

Vegetable Dishes 15c up.

Bowls and Pitchers, full
size, 75c.

Tinware.

Wash Pan 5c. Pt Cups
3c. Qt Cups 6 1/2c. Dish
lons Cups 8c. Dish
Pans 20c. 2-Qt Coffee
Pots 15c. Hunters
Sifters 20c. Wood
Rim Sifters 10c. 4-Qt
Covered Buckets 15c.

Heating Stoves \$2.00 up.

Cook Stoves \$4.50 up.

W. W.

REED.

Hardware and Queensware

Mt. Sterling, - - Ky.

DON'T

Find fault with the cook if
the pastry does not exactly
suit you. Nor with your wife
either—perhaps she is not to

BLAME

It may be the lard she is
using for shortening. Lard
is indigestible you know. But
if you would always have

YOUR

Cakes, pies, rolls, and bread
palatable and perfectly di-
gestible, order the new short-
ening, "COTOLENE," for your

WIFE

Sold by all grocers.

Chiles, Thompson Grocery Co.
Mt. Sterling, Kentucky.

THE ADVOCATE.

The World's Fair claims to have the biggest hog in the world. It is 8 feet long and 3 feet wide.

The first cream coming from a cow is composed of the largest globules of butter fat, and for that reason butter made from it is of firmer grain.

A Vermont county fair last week drew 15,000. A first-class county fair anywhere will draw people, and we should have more such exhibitions.

In Illinois sheep have been found to be afflicted in the lungs with small white worms. The sheep have good appetites but grow poor. Turpentine given in liberal doses has proved beneficial.

Hundreds of newspapers are quoting this sentence from the New York Evening Post: "The last man in the county to whom the President of the United States should give a great office is the man who has given most money towards electing him."

Some of the older authorities give the opal as an emblem of hope. But a writer on the subject, Rabbi Breton, who lived in the fourteenth century, says of it: "The opal is fatal to love, and sows discord between the giver and receiver. Given as an engagement token it is sure to bring ill-luck." A late writer on the vagaries of fashion says "An opal figure in Sir Walter Scott's novel of 'Anne of Gelestein,' and its possession was fatal to the family of the heroine. The idea that they were unlucky obtained among country that after the publication of the novel they went out of fashion." The same writer says: "When Miss Grant married Mr. Sartoris she had among her presents a set of opals. Much was said about the ill-omen, and if report is to be believed her marriage has been a wretched one. It is even asserted that they are especially unlucky when given to a bride."

MIXED ELECTIONS.

There Will Be None After the New Law Gets Into Working Order.

There seems some misunderstanding in our quarters about the time of holding the next election of county officers. All understood the purpose of the Constitutional Convention and Legislature to be an arrangement that would preclude the mixing up of elections of county officers with those for Congress, and the reasons therefore were obvious. But inquires one, why are so many officers to be elected next November a year, the very time Congressmen are to be elected all over the state, and some red-hot contests that should not be mixed up with these minor races are in prospect?

This is easily explained. It was made necessary just once because of the difficulty incident to putting into effect a completely new arrangement.

The following section from the new election law describes what must be done, and then it is easily seen what will follow:

"An election shall be held in each county on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, one thousand and ninety-four, for Judge of the County Court, County Clerk, County Attorney, Sheriff, County Superintendent of common schools, members of the Fiscal Court, Jailor, Coroner, Surveyor and Assessor, and in each Justice's District, for one Justice of Peace and one Constable who shall hold their respective office for the period of three years, and until the election and qualification of their successors; and in eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and every four years thereafter, there shall be held an election in each county for the officers herein mentioned. The election for Sheriff shall be held in each county at the regular election in one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and the Sheriff elected at this time shall hold their respective offices for the period of two years, and until the election and qualification of their respective successors."

A little study will show that after this election there will never again be any conflict. The next election of county officers will occur in 1897, the next succeeding congressional election in 1896, the next election of State officers and that following it in 18 and 1899, respectively. So hereafter neither an election of county officers nor State officers can occur in the same year with a congressional election, and these two cannot occur the same time.—Louisville Times.

COST OF ELECTRICAL COOKING.

A Southern Estimate of the Expense of Preparing a Meal at Home.

As to the cost of electrical cooking, a few figures from a letter to the London Electrical Review are pertinent. The writer of this letter refers to a fact that there are a large number of cooking operations where the heat has to be supplied in short periods of time and only at such points where it is actually required. It is to such operations that electricity is especially applicable owing to the quick and ready way it will furnish heat. Cooking operations, such as baking, would seem to be unadapted for electricity owing to length of time heating must be continued, but actually is called to the fact that the oven being entirely closed there is need for a full current only for the time necessary to bring the oven up to the proper temperature, and that only one-fourth of the original current is necessary to maintain the heat.

The writer of the letter referred to has conducted a number of experiments in electrical cooking, and his results are taken for our estimate, which is based upon the cost of electricity power in southern stations. Electrical power for heating and cooking, we think, could be obtained at motor power rates, especially as cooking is generally performed during the day, when the electric current is not needed for lights. This rate ranges from 10 cents per 1,000 Watt hours—being about 7 cents on an average. Taking our usual pressure of 50 volts, the unit of 1,000 Watt hours would give 30 amperes for one hour, which would cost 7 cents.

The electric toaster will toast two large slices of bread through in one minute. The toaster will consume 14 amperes at 50 volts. Allowing 15 minutes, one could readily toast a loaf of bread at a cost for electricity power of 1-10 cents. The electric grill will cook four chops in 15 minutes, using 13 amperes at 50 volts, and if one allowed 15 minutes in all three minutes for heating the grill, the cost for electricity will cost us a fraction over 1 cent. A pint of water can be boiled for about six-tenths of a cent, and so on. From these figures it can be seen that a good broiler, with chop eggs, toast and coffee for four, could be cooked at a cost for heat of about 6 cents.

The ease and certainty with which the heat can be raised or a fixed temperature maintained make electrical heating the par excellence method of cooking. For instance, in roasting or baking the heat can be maintained so regularly all around the electric oven and so uniformly that it is not necessary to baste the meat or to turn the broiler. If we consider with this the advantage of the freedom from smoke, smell, dirt and waste heat, and the readiness with which heat is obtained, we can certainly say that electrical heating, all things considered, is cheap and desirable.—Died.

The New England society for the prevention of cruelty to animals is persistent in their efforts to put a stop to the debauching of cattle.

There can be no health for either mind or body so long as the blood is vitiated. Cleanse the vital current from all impurities by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine recruits the wasted energies, strengthens the nerves, and restores health to the debilitated system.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fevered spots, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. S. Lloyd. 19-17

The formula of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is well known in the medical profession, and is universally approved. Its reputation of the firm guarantees excellence and uniformity in the medicine, and the twenty years' experience of nearly half a century has fully demonstrated its value.

Says the Boston Advertiser: "Oratory seems to be on the decline in the United States Senate. At least there are few of the members of that august body to-day who can command the attention of colleagues and galleries alike when they rise to speak. There is only one orator of the old school in the senate now. That is Daniel, of Virginia. He is the only one of the eighty-eight who is not a politician, the Columbian exchange and balance in his sentences, arranges his rhetorical maxims and develops exordiums and perorations. Down in his own country, where the people still retain a love for the classical style. Daniel is regarded as a superb orator, and they are intensely proud of him; but in his tendency to show off, he has lost the man the vast attention which lights of eloquence would have commanded in the days before the war."

PEA VINE HAY.

How a Woman Aphrodisiacs the In-terested Combs.

Now the vines when they are blooming freely and a few pods have formed, but before any have ripened. Do not cut early in the morning, but wait until the dew has disappeared. Use a good mower and let the team move at a lively gait. Let the vines lie on the ground until the morning dew has dried, and then the noon gather them into small cocks 5 feet high. Next morning open and spread the vines to the sun. In the afternoon stack round poles up in the ground, having inserted round pins or staves sloping downward and outward, so that the vines will be kept somewhat open, especially along the center of the stack from the bottom to the top. Cap with a few armfuls of long grass, cut straw or anything that will turn the rain. Then smooth down the outer surface as may be needed to prevent rain from penetrating. The vines put in this manner may stand for two or three weeks, or even longer if necessary, without serious injury. But as soon as it is judged that the hay is sufficiently cured it should be hauled to the barn or put in a permanent stack. Do this late in the afternoon or very early in the morning on a cloudy day.

The foregoing directions are in accordance with a plan approved and recommended by The Southern Hay and Corn, which decries the practice of leaving the vines on the ground for manure as wasteful when forage is scarce. Here is this journal's view on the subject.

If cut at the proper time and cured properly, pea vine hay is both "corn and fodder" to work stock. Even after the peas have commenced to ripen it is cheaper and better to move the vines—peas and all—than to pick or pasture off the peas and leave the vines to decay. A ton of pea vine hay (a very moderate yield for one acre) is worth for feeding to animals not less than \$15, and the manure resulting from feeding the ton would be worth as much to the land as the ton of hay left to rot on the surface. It is plain, therefore, that by converting the pea vine into hay, feeding it to stock and returning the manure to the land there is an advantage of \$15 per ton, less cost of cutting and handling, compared with the plan of permitting the vines to remain on the land. In other words, one ton of pea vine hay cut and fed to stock is worth \$15; the manure returned to the soil is worth \$10—total, \$25. The same ton of hay left on the ground would be worth \$10 to the land. Could anything be plainer?

Fodder Feeding.
This question has been so often discussed, and there is such a diversity of opinion as to whether the fodder should be pulled or left on the stalk, that we can only give our own experience of many years. We have found that where the corn is fully ripe and the fodder has well hanging on the stalk, the removal does not materially injure the corn, and the fodder itself, properly cured, is one of the most nutritious and appetizing foods for stock, and they prefer it to any other "roughage." Poorly cured or moldy from becoming water-soaked, the fodder is positively dangerous to the animals eating it, for this mold becomes a fine, penetrating dust, filling the throat and lungs.

But we would advise always saving the fodder if it can be properly done, and if the peas have been previously soaked, as we have advised a large crop of hay and pea vines can be saved at this season, when there is a rest from the crop cultivation and before the cotton picking begins. By managing in this way each farmer can at a small cost supply himself with an abundance of "roughage" which is good for the work animals, and when not being used they can be kept in fine condition by feeding this with small rations of grain.—Southern Cultivator.

A Cheap Hoisting Machine.
The accompanying illustration from The Country Gentleman shows how to construct a cheap hoisting machine. An

old wheel and a discarded iron axle and a handy man can easily make one with the help of the village blacksmith. Of course the iron box must be taken out of the hub and the wheel slipped on to the axle, and the axle secured by fastened with wedges. To make the windlass for the lifting rope, scantling may be bolted on to the axle and afterwards rounded off. A ratchet may be fastened to the shaft to be applied or released by pulling a string, so that the load can be held at any desired point.

Notes on Peas.
The Times-Democrat says the drought has seriously damaged the growing rice crop of Louisiana.

The seeds of Burr clover may be sown in the present crop fields if these are not already occupied with food crops. Broadcast and harrow as if cultivating the corn.

The usual estimate in cotton is two pounds of seed to one of lint. The harvesting of tobacco ought to begin as soon as the leaves have a spotted color, or when by pinching have a crackling tendency is shown. The crop of peanuts occupy about the same acreage last year. The outlook for the coming crop, according to a Norfolk firm, is "only fair."

THE BEE MOTHS.

How a Woman Aphrodisiacs the In-terested Combs.

In Mrs. Harrison's box notes submitted to The Prairie Farmer, she says: "Formerly when I stored unused combs in hives in the spring during the season, many would become infested with moths, notwithstanding my watchfulness and exposing of them from time to time to the fumes of household soap. If the combs have been exposed to zero weather it will have destroyed the moth in all stages, and if the combs were put in a secure place where the moth could not originate in them, none will develop. But if the combs belonged to colonies, cannot be sure that the moths were destroyed by the zero weather, for some of them may have been protected by the warmth of the bees."

It was late this season when I cleaned out the hives where bees had died and stored them in the cellar. Moths had hatched, and I removed those that I saw. After an interval of a week I looked the combs over carefully and removed those that had developed with the pods of a long, slim darning needle. Every cocoon was removed. At intervals of a week I was done three times. The winter time did not a moth in any shape was discovered, as the window to the cellar was covered with wire gauze and there is no outside door, and not a breath of air allowed to develop in there. There will be no further trouble with moths this season.

AN INFESTED COMB.
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Louisiana Sugar Crop of 1893-4.
The sugar crop for 1893-4 aggregated 62,068,477 pounds of sugar, which 88,285,665 pounds were made by the old process and 338,900,832 pounds by modern apparatus. Factories using the old process in 1893-4 obtained an average of 61 gallons per 1,000 pounds of sugar, or an aggregate of 7,384,400 gallons. Those which used the modern apparatus obtained an average of 82 gallons of molasses per 1,000 pounds of sugar, or an aggregate of 11,641,588 gallons.

The total production of molasses for 1893-4 was 17,083,967 gallons. In 1892-3 factories using the old process averaged 1,111 pounds of sugar per acre, or 100 pounds per ton of cane. The average with modern apparatus was 2,718 pounds of sugar per acre, or 150 pounds per ton. The average yield of cane per acre was 16 tons.

The sugar houses in operation in 1893-4 aggregated 2,384,400 gallons. Those which used the modern apparatus obtained an average of 82 gallons of molasses per 1,000 pounds of sugar, or an aggregate of 11,641,588 gallons.

There were 518 sugar houses in operation in 1893-4. The decrease is due to small plantations, which find it more advantageous to sell their cane by the ton to large factories. Of the sugar houses in operation in 1893-4, 405 used steam and 23 horsepower; 163 had ordinary open kettles, 170 open pans or steam trains and 138 vacuum pans.

There were 235,100 acres, or 3,004,408 tons of cane ground last season. The average yield of cane per acre was 16 tons. The foregoing extracts are from Bouchard's report for 1893-4.

Grape Culture in Mississippi.
At the Mississippi experiment station, where the first lot of vines were planted in March, 1893, grapes were perfectly at home. The vines grew and bear well even on rather wet, low ground. Common vine diseases occur, but are not especially destructive. Varieties well adapted for general cultivation in the coast region are: Ives, Concord, Niagara, Niagara and Concord. For cultivation further north we recommend Moore's Early, Delaware, Brilliant, Niagara, Eaton, Triumph, and Concord. The European varieties do not give such promise of success. They start too early and are subject to winter killing. The much dreaded black rot is not known, or at least is not so common as to be troublesome. In the bitter rot, or tip rot, we have a serious enemy. It does not yield to treatment with fungicides, but may be partially controlled by methods of training and culture. It continues to develop on the fruit after it is picked. It is aggravated by the wet weather which occurs in July, when the grapes are picked.

Commercial Fertilizers at the South.
At the conference of the commissioners of agriculture of the southern states at Atlanta the opinion was unanimous that a uniform system of control and regulation of the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers in the southern states is important to both parties interested in the use of fertilizers, equally to the manufacturer and dealer as to the planter and farmer. They therefore resolved that Hon. R. T. Nesbit, commissioner of agriculture of Georgia, be appointed a committee to draft a bill based upon the principles of the Georgia statute upon consultation and correspondence with the commissioners of the several states, and that he be authorized to call a convention of the commissioners of the several states for the purpose of having the said bill, when perfected, adopted by the legislatures of the several states. And, further, that the commissioners of the several states forward to Commissioner Nesbit as soon as practicable copies of the acts of their states and the rules and regulations of their departments.

It is said that thousands of Mohammedans are to immigrate from India to the United States. They are negotiating for large tracts of land in Georgia and Florida, and will form colonies in several southern states.

CASORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the palmers of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without ceasing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Stomach.
Castoria cures Diarrhea and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.
Castoria neutralizes the effects of carboline acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in its own bottle only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plan or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The Sarsaparilla signature of *Wm. D. Hooper* is on every wrapper.

The John Hawk Brewing Co.'s

Lager Beer, Muencheberg, Pilsener, Golden Eagle and Export Bottle Beer

Are the most perfect products of the art of beer-making by common consent. Furthermore

PHYSICIANS AND MEDICAL JOURNALS

Highly recommend Pure extract of Malt and Hops and the former invariably prescribe it for the purpose of building up Broken Down Constitutions, such as especially professional men are often debilitated by the use of the medicine. The public of the use of the manifold effects so-called tonic, which is not a tonic, but a pure extract of Malt and Hops, we have admirably secured. Proof of which the universal use will bear.

Invalid Bottled Beer.

Throughout the United States of America. It is the purest malt and hop extract, manufactured with the utmost care and is a very remedy for convalescents to gain strength and vitality. And your Physician.

Oct 4 1893

The John Hawk Brewing Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

The Cyclone Store.

LEXINGTON, KY.

The greatest Out Price sale ever known in the history of Lexington.

See in Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies' Spring Wraps, Men's Ties and Boys' Clothing. Fine Furniture, Household Goods, Men's, Boys' and Children's Shoes. Calico in all colors, worth 7c, at 5c a yard. 1-1/2 yard Bleached Cotton, worth 1-1/2c, at 1c a yard. 1-1/2 yard White and Unbleached Cotton at 1c a yard. Best Apron Gingham, worth 1-1/2c, at 1c a yard. Dress Gingham, worth 10c at 7-1/2c a yard. Small Goods, worth 8-1/2c, at 6c a yard. Fine Apple Ties, worth 3c, at 2c a yard. All colors of Turbine Binding, worth 1c, at 7c a yard. Bleau Crinkle in all colors, worth 30c, at 15c a yard. Corded Wool Serge in all colors and black, worth 75c, at 50c a yard. All colors of Turbine Binding, worth 1c, at 7c a yard. Bleau Crinkle in all colors, 10 inches wide, 1-1/2, 16-1/2, 18 and up. French Satin in all colors, 10 inches wide, 1-1/2, 16-1/2, 18 and up. One pattern to each customer, in inches wide for the pattern, worth 1c, at 7c a yard. A full line of Black Organizes, in 12-1/2, 16-1/2, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000, 1002, 1004, 1006, 1008, 1010, 1012, 1014, 1016, 1018, 1020, 1022, 1024, 1026, 1028, 1030, 1032, 1034, 1036, 1038, 1040, 1042, 1044, 1046, 1048, 1050, 1052, 1054, 1056, 1058, 1060, 1062, 1064, 1066, 1068, 1070, 1072, 1074, 1076, 1078, 1080, 1082, 1084, 1086, 1088, 1090, 1092, 1094, 1096, 1098, 1100, 1102, 1104, 1106, 1108, 1110, 1112, 1114, 1116, 1118, 1120, 1122, 1124, 1126, 1128, 1130, 1132, 1134, 1136, 1138, 1140, 1142, 1144, 1146, 1148, 1150, 1152, 1154, 1156, 1158, 1160, 1162, 1164, 1166, 1168, 1170, 1172, 1174, 1176, 1178, 1180, 1182, 1184, 1186, 1188, 1190, 1192, 1194, 1196, 1198, 1200, 1202, 1204, 1206, 1208, 1210, 1212, 1214, 1216, 1218, 1220, 1222, 1224, 1226, 1228, 1230, 1232, 1234, 1236, 1238, 1240, 1242, 1244, 1246, 1248, 1250, 1252, 1254, 1256, 1258, 1260, 1262, 1264, 1266, 1268, 1270, 1272, 1274, 1276, 1278, 1280, 1282, 1284, 1286, 1288, 1290, 1292, 1294, 1296, 1298, 1300, 1302, 1304, 1306, 1308, 1310, 1312, 1314, 1316, 1318, 1320, 1322, 1324, 1326, 1328, 1330, 1332, 1334, 1336, 1338, 1340, 1342, 1344, 1346, 1348, 1350, 1352, 1354, 1356, 1358, 1360, 1362, 1364, 1366, 1368, 1370, 1372, 1374, 1376, 1378, 1380, 1382, 1384, 1386, 1388, 1390, 1392, 1394, 1396, 1398, 1400, 1402, 1404, 1406, 1408, 1410, 1412, 1414, 1416, 1418, 1420, 1422, 1424, 1426, 1428, 1430, 1432, 1434, 1436, 1438, 1440, 1442, 1444, 1446, 1448, 1450, 1452, 1454, 1456, 1458, 1460, 1462, 1464, 1466, 1468, 1470, 1472, 1474, 1476, 1478, 1480, 1482, 1484, 1486, 1488, 1490, 1492, 1494, 1496, 1498, 1500, 1502, 1504, 1506, 1508, 1510, 1512, 1514, 1516, 1518, 1520, 1522, 1524, 1526, 1528, 1530, 1532, 1534, 1536, 1538, 1540, 1542, 1544, 1546, 1548, 1550, 1552, 1554, 1556, 1558, 1560, 1562, 1564, 1566, 1568, 1570, 1572, 1574, 1576, 1578, 1580, 1582, 1584, 1586, 1588, 1590, 1592, 1594, 1596, 1598, 1600, 1602, 1604, 1606, 1608, 1610, 1612, 1614, 1616, 1618, 1620, 1622, 1624, 1626, 1628, 1630, 1632, 1634, 1636, 1638, 1640, 1642, 1644, 1646, 1648, 1650, 1652, 1654, 1656, 1658, 1660, 1662, 1664, 1666, 1668, 1670, 1672, 1674, 1676, 1678, 1680, 1682, 1684, 1686, 1688, 1690, 1692, 1694, 1696, 1698, 1700, 1702, 1704, 1706, 1708, 1710, 1712, 1714, 1716, 1718, 1720, 1722, 1724, 1726, 1728, 1730, 1732, 1734, 1736, 1738, 1740, 1742, 1744, 1746, 1748, 1750, 1752, 1754, 1756, 1758, 1760, 1762, 1764, 1766, 1768, 1770, 1772, 1774, 1776, 1778, 1780, 1782, 1784, 1786, 1788, 1790, 1792, 1794, 1796, 1798, 1800, 1802, 1804, 1806, 1808, 1810, 1812, 1814, 1816, 1818, 1820, 1822, 1824, 1826, 1828, 1830, 1832, 1834, 1836, 1838, 1840

THE ADVOCATE.

COUNTY ANNOUNCEMENTS

Announcements for county offices, each to accompany the order. Communications in the interest of candidates, 10 cents per line.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce Richard H. Hunt as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Wm. Sted as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. C. B. Gillispie as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce Joe C. Turley as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Joseph M. Smith as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce T. M. Leach as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. M. Best as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. W. Chesnut as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce James W. Lockridge as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Sam Greenwald as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce A. A. Hazelrigg as a candidate for County Attorney of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. Coleman Reid as a candidate for County Attorney of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce Charles H. Jones as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce John W. Cockrell as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Edward J. Gallagher as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce G. Allen McCormick as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce Landon J. Greene as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce George A. Whitney as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. B. O'Connell as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce A. B. White as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Henry M. Woodford as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Wallace A. DeLoach as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Herbert Kinsolving as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Says The New York Morning Advertiser: "The outlook for the southern cotton factories is not good, as the negroes are the only people in that section who will work, and outside operatives cannot be induced to go to a section in which labor is not respected, and the common rights of a man are ignored. When free trade is made possible perhaps some way will be found of utilizing the cheap negro labor of the South. One great southern gentleman has testified that negroes cannot be utilized in factories because the hum and drone of machinery causes them to fall asleep. There is a scientific side to the question, it seems." And yet the owners of the cotton mills in New England recently admitted that the southern mills are making more money than they make. It is very evident that somebody is at work down this way. The south's progress since the war is the result of hard work.—Atlanta Constitution.

THE MAN AT THE THROTTLE.

Modern Railroad Speed Wears Out Human Life.

The exactions that modern railroad speed make on the physical stamina of railroad men is demonstrated in the fact that seven engineers are required to take the Chicago flyer out and seven back. The running time between New York and Chicago is twenty hours and the average speed is forty-eight miles an hour. Each engineer and engine runs three hours. Machine and man start with a slow train to their starting point to relieve the strain on both. Then the engineer is given forty hours' rest before he goes on the flyer again. This rest is absolute, no work of any kind being required of the engineer.

Though the average speed is forty-eight miles an hour, the locomotive must at some point be driven at sixty miles or more. The physical strain on the men in the cab at these bursts of speed is something terrible. The engineer has fifty things to look out for, and is being shaken and swayed all the time. The fireman is constantly feeding the insatiable furnace. On the run of the Empire State express three tons of coal are shoveled from the tender into the furnace between Albany and New York. It is not wonderful that the engineers of this train are given alternate days for rest and recuperation. Passengers are only wear out rails and machines, but human creatures' lives.—Louisville Times.

A Good Word for Tobacco.

Probably much the larger proportion of physicians are smokers, and doubtless the force is felt more or less by laymen, who will scarcely believe that the tobacco habit can be so very injurious since those indulge who know most of its evil effects. This view of the matter is by no means justified. Because physicians smoke is no reason why physicians should be encouraged to do so. Every general practitioner ought to be a smoker. He who does is much safer from infection than he who is strictly temperate in that respect. Clothing well impregnated with the fumes of tobacco is a poor conductor for disease germs. And, what is more important, a "tobacco breath" is decidedly unfriendly to them. The germs of many diseases infect through the air passages. He who smokes does not furnish favorable conditions for their lodgment. According to the Science, Dr. Hajek, of Vienna, has declared that smokers are less liable to diphtheria than non-smokers, in the ratio of about one to three; and Dr. Schiff says that smoking is forbidden in the bacteriological laboratories, because it is known to hinder development of bacteria in the various culture-media. We think Dr. Hajek does not go far enough, and believe that the physician who takes a "good smoke" before he is exposed to a diphtheria patient and another as soon as he leaves him, is practically safe from infection.—Boston Journal of Health.

A New Idea in Pencils.

A novel pencil has been invented by a Philadelphia man and a company has been formed to make it. The pencil is covered with narrow strips of special prepared paper, run in coils and so arranged that by releasing one end of a coil with a pin, or the point of a pen-knife, a strip of paper can be rolled off, leaving the pencil with a cone point and about one-eighth of an inch of lead uncovered. The company proposes to cover lead, crayon, and slate pencils in the same way. The pencils are painted in fancy colors, and so closely wrapped around that the same of the paper are said to be invisible.

The World's Fair and American Railways.

The Queen & Crescent Route widely known as the road running the "Finest Trains in the South," is in the field to carry everybody from the South to the World's Fair at Chicago. No part of the Southern country is left unpaired by this great railway and its connections. The Through Car System is an admirable exposition of the wonderful capabilities of American railroading. From New Orleans Through Sleeping Cars run daily, morning and evening, carrying, its passengers via Cincinnati or Louisville, as they may select.

From Shreveport, Vicksburg and Jackson another Through Sleeping Car Line comes to join and become a part of the magnificent Vented Through Train, which is passing through Birmingham and the famous Wills Valley of Alabama, is joined at Chattanooga by the train from Jacksonville, Fla., Brunswick, and Atlanta, Ga., over the E. T. V. & Ga. railroad, and proceeds north over the beautiful Cincinnati Southern, through the grandest natural scenery and most attractive historical country in the world, to Oakdale, where another magnificent Pullman car is received, coming from the Richmond & Danville System from Charleston, S. C., through Columbia, S. C., the beautiful French Broad country, and Asheville, N. C. and Knoxville, Tenn. The time to Chicago is made so as afford the most convenient hours for departures from the principal cities and arrivals in Chicago.

Passengers can purchase tickets good over one half the north of the river, and returning via another if they desire a variable route without extra charge. Or they can go via Cincinnati, returning via Louisville, or vice versa. Round trip tickets on sale at reduced rates. Agents of the Chicago flyer will on request assist in looking up rooms or accommodation for visitors to the Fair. Everything that an almost perfect system can devise to deserve the praise and patronage of the traveling public has been provided. Any of the agents of the company named below will cheerfully give all possible information and assistance. R. H. Garratt, New Orleans, La.; I. Hardy, Vicksburg, Miss.; J. R. McGreger, Birmingham, Ala.; E. T. Charlton, Chattanooga, Tenn.; W. D. Corzatt, Junction City, Ky.; or D. G. Edwards, Cincinnati, Ohio. 42-ft

Shouldn't Let Her Complexion Get so Near.

Maud—Why did you break off your engagement with Charley?
Ellen—Well, you see, he would wear shirts and neckties which didn't become my complexion.—Chicago Herald.

Something Unusual.

As a medicine, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. And, because of that, there's something unusual in the way of selling it. Where every other medicine of its kind only promises, this is guaranteed. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

It's the only guaranteed remedy for every disease caused by a disordered liver or impure blood. Dyspepsia, Bilelessness, the most stubborn skin, scalp and scrofulous affections, even consumption (or lung-cure) in its earlier stages, are all cured by it.

It purifies and enriches the blood, rouses every organ into healthful action, and restores strength and vigor. In building up both flesh and strength of pale, puny, scrofulous children, or to invigorate and brace up the system after "Grippe," pneumonia, fevers, and other prostrating acute diseases, nothing can equal the "Discovery."

Catarth is positively cured by Dr. Sage's Remedy.

Remarks by Colonel DeBauch.

The country is going to the dogs, and Congress will prescribe a remedy for hydrophobia. I am informed that political platforms were not made to stand on, but to dodge under when it rains.

The cry of hard times is a blessing in disguise. It gives so many honest men an excuse for not paying their debts.

Some men whip the devil round from step because they are too lazy to give a fair chase to a ten-acre field.

Before a man goes to Congress he gives his constituents the earth; but he takes a mortgage on it which he forecloses as soon as he gets there.

The office that seeks the man in this enlightened age is the one where the funds are missing.—Atlanta Constitution.

HILL'S

Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE and refund the money if not cured.

It will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cures no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

DROKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without any pain or suffering, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS.

During treatment patients are allowed the free use of liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS druggists.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us \$1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our TABLETS.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being sold under the name of HILL'S TABLETS and take no other.

Manufactured only by

—THE—
OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 & 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

PARTICULARS FREE.

Address all Orders to

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.—GENTLEMEN— Give me the pleasure to send a package of your Tablets for Tobacco Habit. I have tried them all, and I feel that I have been cured. I have been a constant smoker, but after using your Tablets but three days, I feel that I have been cured. I have not smoked since. I have written you, in order to know the cure was permanent.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.—GENTLEMEN— Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have been a constant smoker, but after using your Tablets, and without any effort on my part, I have been cured. I have not smoked since. I have written you, in order to know the cure was permanent.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 & 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

Musical Goods.



We represent the "Old Reliable"
Hazelton Bros., Bush & Gerts, Colby & Co., and the Ivers & Pond

... PIANOS ...

And the Mason & Hamlin and Chicago COTTAGE ORGANS.

We sell all the above instruments on such easy terms that all who are thinking of buying can easily pay for them. Our terms are monthly and price moderate.

We have also just added a complete line of SHEET MUSIC and SMALL MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS to our stock, and can furnish you anything in that line you are looking for. Remember we will still handle all kinds Sewing Machine Needles and Oil. When in need of anything in our line give us a call.

E. L. DAWSON & SON,

No. 18 Broadway, Fizer Block.

MONEY!

If you want to make money (and to make money is to save it), go to

SUTTON and SMITH

As they have the nicest line of Furniture, Carpets and Drapery in the city, and they are selling for cash, and can and will give you more goods for the money than any one in Eastern Kentucky.

They can sell you Bed-room Sets, soild Oak, from \$20 up; Beds from \$2 up; Side Boards, Bureaus, Spring Mattresses, Bed Lounges, Tables, Pictures, Esels, Folding Beds, Hat Racks and everything in the

FURNITURE LINE

At Rock Bottom figures; and as to Carpets they can beat them all. They can sell Carpets from 20 cents per yard up to \$1.50, just to suit all parties.

Our UNDERTAKING is complete in every particular. Embalming done by experienced hands, and satisfaction and prices guaranteed. Don't forget the place,

SUTTON & SMITH.

Masonic Temple, West Main Street.

Queen & Crescent Route

"Finest Trains in the South."

Through Cars to Chicago without change from New Orleans, Meridian, Birmingham, Chattanooga, Jacksonville, Fla., Atlanta, Macon, Lexington and Georgetown, Ky. Choice of routes via Cincinnati or via Louisville. Stopovers allowed on all World's Fair tickets, at Chattanooga, Louisville, Indianapolis or Cleveland.

For further information as to Rates, Car Service, Sleeping Car Reservations, etc., call on or address any agent of the Queen & Crescent Route or E. T. V. & G. R. W. C. KINARDSON, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

THROUGH CARS TO CHICAGO.

Court Directory.

JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.
JUDGES JOHN E. COOPER presiding, Third Monday May and the Fourth Monday in November.
JUDGE T. J. SCOTT presiding, Third Monday in November and the Fourth Monday in December.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.
JUDGES LEWIS APPERSON presiding, Third Monday after Third Monday in January, April, July and October.
COUNTY COURT.
Third Monday of each month.
J. W. NICKERSON, Clerk of the Court.
JUDGE JAMES W. GIBBS presiding, First Saturday in each month.

PROFESSIONAL.

JOHN M. ELLIOTT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office, 11 Court Street, First Floor.
M. Sterling, Ky.

J. A. ARNETT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Will practice in the Courts of Kentucky.

J. M. OLIVER,
Attorney-at-Law and Surveyor,
M. Sterling, Ky.
All collections of notes, drafts, transactions or anything concerning the same promptly attended to, and also abstracts of title, when desired. Office, Court Street, opposite Court House.

W. E. THOMPSON, M. D.,
Office with Dr. R. Q. Drake,
East Main Street, M. Sterling, Ky.

A. A. HAZELRIGG,
Attorney-at-Law & City Ass'y,
Office, Tyler-Apperson building, M. Sterling, Ky.

M. S. TYLER,
Lewis Apperson,
TYLER & APPERSON,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Office, Tyler-Apperson building, M. Sterling, Ky.

WHITE & BROOKS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
M. Sterling, Ky.
Will practice in the counties of Montgomery, Bath, Mercer, Powell, Clark and Boone, and the Superior and Appellate Courts. Office in Caldwell building.

W. A. DEHAVEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office, Court Street. Will practice in all Courts of the Commonwealth.

DR. D. L. PROCTOR,
Dentist,
Office over Mt. Sterling National Bank.

G. N. COX, M. D.,
M. Sterling, Ky.
Office Room & Tyler-Apperson building. Residence on Queen Street.

DR. HOWARD VAN ANTWERP,
M. D.,
Office with Dr. Van Antwerp, Short street opposite the court house.

H. HAYDON, M. D.,
M. Sterling, Ky.
Office near residence, corner of Mt. Sycamore Sts.

H. CLAY MCKEE,
Attorney-at-Law,
M. Sterling, Ky.
Office upstairs, corner of Court and Broadway.

B. F. DAVY,
LAWYER,
Office over Exchange Bank.
M. Sterling, Ky.
Will practice in all the Courts of Kentucky and the Federal Courts.

ESTABLISHED 1856.
M. Sterling, Ky.
Capital Stock \$100,000
R. F. Peters, Pres. John G. Winn, Cashier.

Book's Cotton Root COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician, successfully used for many years by thousands of Ladies, is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior imitations in place of the genuine. Cotton Root Compound: takes no substitutes, or imitations at all, and is sent by express in letter, and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain English, sent free, only two stamps. Address

Dr. L. V. COOK,
No. 5 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Mt. Sterling by Kennedy Bros., W. A. Loomis, J. C. Loomis, J. C. Loomis, and druggists everywhere.

J. W. NICKERSON,

CONTRACTOR
—AND—
BUILDER.
OFFICE AT
201 Richmond Street.
Call on him and secure estimate.

The book containing the acts of the last Legislature will contain 1370 pages.

There were 330 business failures throughout the United States during the past week, as against 184 the same period last year.

Georgetown is building a tabernacle 60x150 feet, seating capacity 1500, for the purpose of holding a meeting as soon as completed.

Hon. Theodore F. Hallam is announced as a candidate for State Senator against Mr. William Goebel, and the race promises to be interesting.

The National banks of New York now hold \$24,130,500 in excess of the reserve required by law. Two months ago it was difficult to keep the reserve intact.

While Houston, Kelley and Eliza Dent, colored of Paris, were sleeping on the same bed, some one discharged a dynamite bomb between them, killing them instantly.

Ex-Mayor C. Booker Reed of Louisville, whom Mayor Henry S. Tyler, the present incumbent and Democratic nominee defeated four years ago, has been nominated as an independent candidate.

At Covington, Tuesday, the C. & O. was fined ten thousand dollars for blockading Thirteenth street, in that city. This is the heaviest fine ever imposed on any railroad company in the United States.

The aggregate purchases of silver bullion by the Treasury Department during September were 2,745,405 ounces, or 1,754,595 less than authorized by the Sherman act.

Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge, Congressman from the Ashland district, was at his home in Lexington, several days the past week. He is now at his post in Washington again.

Elder Joseph C. Frank says "Whiskey kills ninety nine men to the mad dog's one." When a mad dog makes his appearance the entire neighborhood is in arms, and do not stop until his life has been taken, but this cannot be said of the whiskey traffic.

A man giving his name as Frank Watts, gave himself up to the St. Louis police, saying he had robbed a bank in Mt. Vernon, Westchester county, N. Y., of \$1500, in October of last year. He came West with the money, and in Cincinnati met a mau named Henry Woods, who he says sent \$500 of the money. He was a janitor in the bank.

An Exchange says: "Leafless tree branches under which so many farm implements are stored are not so effective in protecting from winter's rains and snows as the roof of barn. If you have no room in the barn make a shelter of straw or corn stalks and under it store your implements."

M. O. Cockrell is deputy collector under Col. T. H. Shelby, having received his commission the last day of September. Mr. Cockrell made his first trip as deputy collector, the second of October. Beginning this week he will visit all dealers and manufacturers within his jurisdiction. Mr. Cockrell will make an active and efficient officer.

In the Clark County Circuit Court the famous cases growing out of the French-Everole feud in Perry County have been filed away. These cases were transferred by the Legislature from Perry to Clark. The court docket is crowded and there is not much chance to secure convictions, and as the return of the cases to Perry County would mean another war, Judge Scott decided to file them away.

At St. Louis, a young Englishman who registered at Hurst's Hotel as J. A. Gumburg, received two registered letters which the postal authorities declined to deliver until he was identified. They were opened in his presence, however, and found to contain checks and money amounting to \$5000. Gumburg became angry at refusal, snatched the checks and money, applied a match to them. He has since received money by cable and departed.

The Synod of Kentucky will hold its session for 1893 with the Winchester Presbyterian church South, beginning this evening at 7:30 p. m. Of it, the Winchester Democrat says: "The initial sermon will be preached by Dr. Rutherford, of Paris, the Moderator of the last meeting. Immediately after the close of the introductory sermon the ladies of the church will hold a reception in the church parlors."

HORSE AND TRACK.

Trevillian by Young Jim cut his record to 2:14 at Evansville, Ind.

O. A. Illick will drive Nancy Hanks in her fast trials until Double gets better.

Trots at Lexington this week. The \$5,000 stake to-day; free-for-all to-morrow.

Hal Braden, 2:08½, and Hal Dillard 2:08½, are the fastest pair of stallions that can be found in one stable.

It is said that A. H. Moore, the owner of Director, 2:17, is willing to pay \$50,000 for that horse's great son Directum, 2:06½.

C. J. Hamlin is confident that Fantasy, 2:13½, will capture the three-year-old record before she is brought home this fall.

Prima Donna, 2:05½, will not eat oats. She is a light mare, and her strength is kept up by eating whole corn from the cob.

Curtis, the clever reinsman that marked Pamlico in 2:11½ and drove him in all of his races this year, is but twenty years old.

Cut Glass (3) by Onward won the stake for that age at Evansville; time 2:20½. The great filly, Director's Flower, caught the flag.

"Unless trotters are well bred on both sides I am afraid of them," was the remark of a trotting horseman a few days since. They are almost sure to disappoint you sooner or later.

The leading living sires, with this year's additions, now stands as follows: "Nutwood, 100; Red Wilkes, 81; Onward, 71; Alcantara, 61; Egbert, 58; Robert McGregor, 49, and Strathmore 48.

Pamlico won the 2:12 trot at Lexington last Saturday in straight heats, best time 2:11½. Nellie A. won the \$5,000 stake, best time 2:23½. May Marshall won the 2:11 pace in 2:10½; 2:11 and 2:09, Blanche Louise second. Up to the close of last week Geared all of the teamsters as a winner in 1893, the gross winnings of horses driven by him amounting to \$33,900. Goldsmith stands second with \$33,240. McHenry third with \$29,875, and John Dickinson fourth with \$28,500.

In all the history and theory of breeding nothing seems so much required to be told over and over again as to the fact that to breed for a quality it is necessary to breed from animals that have quality. If you would have a race horse, you must breed not merely from the blood that has produced race horses, but from race horses themselves.

The 2:20 pace at the Terra Haute meeting furnished about as much excitement as anything during the week, Hal Braden was the ultimate winner, but it took six fast heats to decide it. Rucker won the first, reducing his record to 2:11. Will Kerr took the second in the sensational time, 2:07½, which gave him the five-year-old record. Hal Braden got the third in 2:08½; May Marshall the fourth in 2:09, the record for a mare, after which the son of Brown Hal gathered in the next two heats in 2:09½; 2:10½.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 3,038 hhds, with receipts for the same period of 968 hhds. Sales on our market since January 1, amount to 107,395 hhds. Sales of the crop of 1892 on our market amount to 103,208 hhds.

The market for burley tobacco the first of the week was stronger, but the latter part of the week eased up a little and closed about as prices were the week previous. Some few hhds. of new burley have been sold, and as a rule, were very poor in quality.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for burley tobacco, (1892 crop).

Trash. (Dark damaged tobacco, \$3.50 to \$4.00.

Common colory trash, \$4.25 to \$5.00.

Medium to good colory trash, \$5 to \$7.

Common lugs, not colory, \$4.00 to \$5.

Common colory lugs, \$5 to \$7.50.

Medium to good colory lugs, \$7.50 to \$8.50.

Common to medium leaf \$8.00 to \$9.

Medium to good leaf, \$9 to \$14.

Good to fine leaf, \$14 to \$16.

Select wrappery styles, \$16 to \$26.

Excellent mince pies for 3 cents, as we are selling the condensed meat at 10 cents a package.

CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

LAND STOCK AND CROP.

Farris and Whitley bought a bunch of 1100-lb. feeders from Jim Knox at 3c., and eight head from Wm. Calvert at the same price.—Danville Advocate.

Simon Well bought last week of Caswell Prewitt and son, Clifton, 119 head of export cattle at 4 cents, and also of Wm. Spencer 50 head at 4½ cents, and 50 head at 4½ cents.

Farris and Whitley bought of W. F. Davis eight head of cattle, average weight \$1,450, at 3½c. These gentlemen will feed about 300 head this winter. They have 300 head that will be ready for the export market in about six weeks. They also bought thirty-five 100-lb. shoats at 5c.—Danville Advocate.

John and Andrew English bought the past week from different parties in the country, and shipped Saturday from this point, 180 head of cattle. Eighty head averaged 1100 pounds, and one hundred head 1400 pounds. They were bought at from 3 to 3½ cents per pound.

Tuesday D. C. Terhune shipped from Harrodsburg, to James Guthrie, of Versailles, 100 mule colts that had been bought from the choice lots in six counties at an average cost of between \$62 and \$63 per head. They were pronounced the finest lot of sugar stock seen in this section for years.—Danville Advocate.

Kidd & Bush last week bought for Lehman Bros., Baltimore, of Rankin Whiteett, 15 head of cattle at 4½ cents, averaging 1500, and 30 head at 4½ cents, averaging 1500. They also bought of Clifton Prewitt 34 head at 4½ cents, averaging 1500 lbs.; also of Albert Stoffer 27 head at 4½ cents, averaging 1550; of Marion Hadden 15 head at 4½ cents, averaging 1475, and of James Shroat 37 head at 4.35, averaging 1550.

Mr. W. A. Jones sold his drop of growing tobacco to J. W. Thomas, of Paris, for 12½c. John Talbott sold to A. B. Murray, of Louisville, five two-year-old mules at \$140 per head. It is reported that several growing crops of tobacco were sold for 13c. last week near Carlisle. John S. Talbott and brother sold their crop of growing tobacco to Hiram Carpenter at 10c. per pound.—North Middletown Advance.

Wm. Moreland has bought in this county in the last two weeks 700 fat hogs at from 4½ to 5½c. He paid 6c. for a few extra good ones. He also bought two car loads of lambs at 2½c. and 25 head of butcher cattle at 1 to 2½ cents. As agent of John W. Poor & Co., R. A. Burnside bought in this county 5,000 bushels of wheat at 54c. It was loaded Saturday to be shipped to Newport News.—Interior Journal.

W. H. Dudderar sold to E. P. Woods four 1,100-lb. cattle at 3½ cents. J. S. Owsley, Sr., bought of James Dudderar two 2-year-old mules at \$55, one from J. G. Lynn at \$60, and of John Smith two at \$50. Capt. E. T. Rochester has sold his farm of 80 acres with residence, near the water works, to J. S. Hundley at \$90, possession to be given Nov. 15, when it is said the Captain and family will remove to Texas. Ben Gaines, Jr., has rented the John Smith farm of 200 acres on the Lancaster pike for \$500.—Interior Journal.

Sidney Hart, of Montgomery county bought of Frank B. Allen 28 1,200-lb. feeding cattle at \$3.25. John A. Berry, of Sharpshurg, bought the past week 5 800-lb. cattle of D. D. Hart of Picky Run, and B. F. Shroat, of Picky Run, at \$2.50 150-lb. hogs of B. F. Shroat at \$5.80. 12 250-lb. hogs of F. D. Allen at \$5.50. John W. Hughes, of Flat Creek, bought the past week; 15 1,120-lb. feeding cattle of James B. Hughes, southeast of town, at \$3.25; 2 1,200-lb. feeding cattle of J. T. Atchison, of Wyoming, at \$3.20. J. S. Crain, of Hillsboro, bought, at Wyoming, of Mrs. Lucy M. Donnan of Owingsville, 8 1,400-lb. export cattle at \$3.90; of L. B. Conyers, near Wyoming, 2 fat 1,524-lb. oxen at \$3.72, and 2 1,560-lb. export cattle at \$4.00.

W. T. Vice, of Odessa, sold to Baird & Co. of Lexington, 1 4-year-old work mule at \$150. John Craig, of Picky Ash, shipped two car-loads of butcher cattle to the Cincinnati market Saturday. Joe Spencer, of Slato Creek, sold to Chas. Spencer, of Roe's Run, sixteen 1,043-lb. feeding steers at \$3. Stephen M. Warner of the Reynoldsville neighborhood, was in town Saturday. He stated that the tobacco crop in his section will not exceed 40 per cent, and ears is about 70 per cent. Press Barnes of Preston sold his new crop of tobacco to Jo. Thompson, of Montgomery county, at 9½ cents.—Owingsville Outlook.

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THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST AFTERNOON PAPER IN THE SOUTH.
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We handle Gas Heating and Cooking Stoves, and are prepared to do all kinds of plumbing work.

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REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF—
Mt. Sterling National Bank.

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS, OCT. 3, 1893.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Loans and discounts | \$ 25,819 07 |
| Overdrafts, secured and unsecured | 7,543 05 |
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation | 20,000 00 |
| Stocks, securities, etc. | 635 00 |
| Due from approved reserve agents | 9,508 21 |
| Due from other National Banks | 29,712 66 |
| Due from State Banks and bankers | 1,471 00 |
| Banking houses, furniture and fixtures | 1,000 00 |
| Other real estate and mortgages owned | 1,100 00 |
| Current expenses and taxes paid | 1,232 81 |
| Checks and other cash items | 11 84 |
| Bills of other banks | 6,495 00 |
| Legal-tender notes | 102 50 |
| Legal-tender fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. circulation) | 1,548 15 |
| Total | \$ 80,205 02 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Capital stock paid in | \$ 100,000 00 |
| Surplus fund | 10,700 00 |
| Undivided profits | 2,000 00 |
| National Bank Notes outstanding | 22,000 00 |
| Time certificates | 1,000 00 |
| Individual deposits subject to check | 10,728 29 |
| Time certificates of deposit | 2,000 00 |
| Due to other National Banks | 1,232 81 |
| Due to State Banks and bankers | 1,471 00 |
| Total | \$ 150,000 00 |

State of Kentucky, county of Montgomery:
I, H. R. Francis, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3th day of October, 1893.
J. L. WHITE, N. P.
Correct—Attest:
S. S. Price, Clerk of Court,
H. F. Cockrell, Directors.

Encouraging news comes from Wheeling in regard to the improvement in the industrial situation in the upper Ohio valley. It is estimated that ten thousand men who have been idle in the Wheeling district will be given employment this week by the resumption of operations in iron-works, nail-works and glass factories.

MID-SUMMER SALE.

* CHOICE SEASONABLE GOODS GOES *

My Stock consists of Clothing to suit the trade. SUITS OF CLOTHES which brought a profit early in the season now goes for even less than the cost of manufacturing. PANTS, COATS and VESTS, single or together at cut prices.

Then I would ask you to see my novelties in Shoes. They are being sold at what the people call in these times of money stringency, bargains.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Everything desirable for a little money.

Call at the

NEW YORK PAWNBROKER'S STORE.

JACOB GORDON.

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INSURE YOUR

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Do you want to make a safe investment? If so, put your money

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NATIONAL HOME

Building and Loan Association.

One of the oldest and largest companies in the world. 15,000 now sold in Mt. Sterling. Call and examine my plans.

JAMES R. WILSON,

Tyler-Apperson Bldg., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

CLOSING SALE OF DRY GOODS.

In order to have funds to meet my indebtedness falling due will sell for 30 days my entire stock of DRY GOODS, SHOES, CLOAKS Etc., at

Cost for Spot Cash.

Will also sell to my regular customers on same terms as before. Stock full and complete. Come early and make your selection. All persons owing July accounts are requested to make prompt payments.

JOHN SAMUELS.

ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS, MT. STERLING, KY.

The first term will begin Sept. 4, 1893. Academic and College Preparatory Courses. Private Department. A limited number of boarding pupils.

For terms or other information address Miss S. M. Lewis (until August 15, Mrs. J. C. Lewis) after August 15, Mt. Sterling, Ky.